DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1866 NO. 169.

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, State Printer.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every morning except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month,	$1.00
For two months,	2.00
Three months,	3.00
Six months,	5.00

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THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTH-DAY IN THE FEDERAL CAPITAL.

Immense Popular Demonstration for the Union.

THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

Fellow-citizens—for I presume I have the right to address you as such—to the committee who have conducted and organized this meeting so far, I have to tender my sincere thanks for the compliment and approbation they have manifested in their personal address to myself, and in the resolutions they have adopted. (At this point a fireman's procession attracted the attention of a portion of the crowd, and created such a disturbance that the President was unable to proceed for several minutes. Mr. Fendall, chairman of the committee, in vain endeavored to restore order. Hon. Green Clay Smith then took the stand, and succeeded in making himself heard, and in bringing the crowd to something like silence.) The President proceeded: Fellow-citizens, I was about to tender my thanks to the committee who waited upon me and presented me with the resolutions adopted on this occasion—resolutions, as I understand, complimentary to the policy pursued by this Administration since it came into power. I am free to say to you, on this occasion, that it is extremely gratifying to me to know, that so large a portion of my fellow-citizens approve and endorse the policy that has been adopted and is intended to be carried out.—(Applause.) That policy has been one which was intended to restore the glorious Union of these States to their original relations to the Government of the United States. (Prolonged applause.)

WASHINGTONS DAY.

This seems to be a day peculiarly appropriate for such a manifestation—the day that gave birth to him who founded this Government—the Father of his Country—of him who stood at that period, when all these States entered into this glorious Confederacy—(The fireman's procession again succeeded in creating sufficient disturbance to make the President unable to be heard.) The President good humouredly remarked, "Don't interfere with them, they are right, and always were right."

He proceeded: This day, I say, is peculiarly appropriate to endorse the restoation of the Union of these States, founded by the Father of his Country." Washington, whose name this city bears, is embalmed in the hearts of all who love free government. (A voice, "So is Andrew Johnson.") Washington, who, in the language of one of his eulogists, wa "first in peace, first in war, first in the heats of his countrymen." No people can claim him, no nation can appropriate him. His reputation and love are commensurate with the civilized world, with all those who love free government. I have recently visited the association which is directing its efforts to the completion of the monument erected to his memory. I was proud to meet them, and so far as could to give them my humble influence and patronage—a monument being erected to him who founded the Government almost within stones throw of the spot from which I address you.—Let it be completed. (Cheers.) Let the pledges which all these States, associations and corporations have placed in that monument of their faith in and love for this Union be preserved. Let it be completed. And in this connection let me refer to the motto upon the stone sent from my own State—God bless her—(a voice, "and bless you")—a State which has struggled for the preservation of the Union in the field and in the councils of the nation, now struggling in embarrassment in consequence of the interruption that has taken plac with the Federal Government growing out o the rebellion, but struggling to renew her relations with the Government, and take her stan where she has stood since 1796. (Cheering.) Let me, I say, repeat the sentiment inscribed upon the stone sent here to be placed in that monument of freedom, and in commemoration of Washington. I stand by that sentiment, and se is now willing to stand by it. It was the sentiment enunciated by the immortal Andrew Jackson, "The Federal Union, it must be preserved."—Were it possible for that old man, whos statue is now before me, and in picture behin me, in the Capitol, to be called forth, or were possible for us to communicate with the illustrious dead, and he could be informed of or nde to understand the progress and working of action, rebellion, and treason, the old man woul turn over in his grave. (Laughter and cheers He would rise, and, shaking off the habiliments of the tomb, stand erect, and extending his long, bony finger, would reiterate the sentiment he once spoke: "The Federal Union, it mu be preserved."

THE EXTREMISTS NORTH AND SOUTH.

But we see and witness what has transpired since his day. We remember what he di in 1833, when treason, treachery, and infidelit to the Government and Constitution of the Uned States then stalked forth. It was his power and influence that went forth then and crushed the treason in its infancy. It was then stopped, at only for a time. The spirit continued; there were men disaffected to the Government bo North and South. We had peculiar institutio of which some complained and to which oths were attached. One portion of our countrym advocated that institution in the South, anot er opposed it in the North, and it resulted creating two extremes. One in the South reac ed the point at which they were prepared dissolve the Government of the United State to secure and preserve their "peculiar institution." And in what I may say on this occasio I want to be understood. There was anothe portion of our countrymen who were opposed to this peculiar institution in the South, and who went to the extreme of being willing to break up the Government to get clear of it. (Applause.) I am talking to you to-day in the common phrase, and assume to be nothing but a citizen, and one who has been fighting for the Constitution and to preserve the Government. These two parties have been arrayed against each other; and I stand before you to-day, as I did in the Senate in 1860, in the presence of those who were making war on the Constitution, and who wanted to disrupt the Government, to denounce, as I did then in my place, those who were so engaged as traitors. I have never ceased to repeat, and as far as efforts could go to carry out, the sentiments I then uttered. (Cheers.)

HIS CONSISTENT STAND AGAINST DISUNION.

I remarked that there were two parties, one for destroying the government to preserve slavery, and the other for breaking up the government to destroy slavery. The objects to be accomplished were different, it is true, so far as slavery is concerned, but they agreed in one thing, and that was the breaking up of the government. They agreed in the destruction of the government, the precise thing which I have always stood up to oppose. Whether the disunionist comes from the South or from the North, I stand now where I did then, to vindicate the union of these States and the Constitution of the country. [Applause.] The rebellion, or treason, manifested itself in the South; I stood up by the government. I said I was for the Union with slavery or I was for the Union without slavery. In either alternative I was for the government and the Constitution.

THE SPIRIT TOWARDS THE SOUTH.

The Government has stretched forth its strong arm, and, with its physical power, has put down treason in the field; yes, the section of country which had arrayed itself against the Government has been put down by the Government itself. Now what had we said to those people? We said "no compromise; we can settle this question with the South in eight and forty hours." "How?" "Disband your armies, acknowledge the Constitution of the United States, obey the law, and the whole question is settled." Well, their armies have been disbanded; they come forward now, in a spirit of magnanimity, and say, "we were mistaken; we made an effort to carry out the doctrine of secession and dissolve this Union; in that we have failed, and, having traced this thing to its logical and physical consequences and results, we now again come forward and acknowledge the flag of our country, obedience to the Constitution, and the supremacy of the law."—(Cheers.) I say then, when you have complied with the Constitution, when you have yielded to the law, when you acknowledge your allegiance to the Government, I am ready to open the doors of the Union and restore you to your old relations to the Government of our fathers.—(Prolonged applause.)

LENIENCY AND FORGIVENESS THE TRUE POLICY.

Who, I ask, has suffered more for the Union than I have? I shall not now repeat the wrongs or sufferings inflicted upon me; but it is not the way to deal with a whole people in the spirit of revenge. I know there has been a great deal said about the exercise of the pardoning power so far as the Executive is concerned. There is no one who has labored harder to have the principal, intelligent, conscious traitors brought to justice, to have the law vindicated, and the great fact vindicated that treason is a crime, than I who stand before you to-day. Yet while conscious, intelligent traitors are to be punished, should whole States, communities and people be made to submit to and bear the penalty of death? I have, perhaps, as much hostility and as much resentment as a man ought to have, but we should conform our action and our conduct to the example of Him who founded our holy religion—not that I would liken this to it, or bring any comparison, for I am not going to detain you long. But, gentlemen, I came into power under the Constitution of the country and by the approbation of the people. And what did I find? I found eight millions of people who were in fact condemned under the law, and the penalty was death. Under the idea of revenge and resentment they were to be annihilated and destroyed. O, how different this from the example set by the holy founder of our religion, whose divine arm touches the horizon and embraces the whole earth. Yes, He who founded this great scheme came into the world and found our race condemned under the law, and the sentence was death. What was His example? Instead of putting the world or a nation to death, He went forth with grace and attested by His blood and His wounds that He would die and let the nation live. Let them repent, and let them acknowledge their allegiance; let them become loyal and willing supporters and defenders of our glorious "stripes and stars" and the Constitution of our country; let their leaders, the conscious, intelligent traitors, suffer the penalty of the law, but for the great mass, who have been forced into this rebellion and misled by their leaders, I say, leniency, kindness, trust and confidence. (Enthusiastic cheers.)

THE SECOND REBELLION.

But, my countrymen, after having passed through the rebellion, and given such evidence as I have—though men croak a great deal about it now (laughter)—when I look back through the battle-fields and see many of these brave men, in whose company I was, in localities where the contest was most difficult and doubtful, before the smoke of battle has scarcely passed away, before the blood shed has scarcely congealed, what do we find? The rebellion is put down by the strong arm of the government in the field; but is that the only way in which we can have rebellion? They struggled for the breaking up of your government, but before they are scarcely out of the battle-field, and before our brave men have scarcely returned to their homes, to renew the ties of affection and love, we find ourselves almost in the midst of another rebellion. (Applause.) The war to suppress one rebellion was to prevent the separation of the States, to prevent them from flying off, and thereby changing the character of the government, and weakening its power. Now what is the struggle? There is an attempt to concentrate the power of the government in the hands of the few, and thereby bring about a consolidation which is equally dangerous and objectionable with separation.—(Enthusiastic applause.) We find that powers are assumed and attempted to be exercised of a most extraordinary character. What are they?

THE REVOLUTIONARY ACTION OF THE RADICALS IN CONGRESS.

We find that Governments can be revolutionized, can be changed, without going into the battle-field. Sometimes revolutions, the most disastrous to the people, are elected without the shedding of blood. The substance of government may be taken away, while the form and shadow is still adhered to. Now, what are they? What is being proposed? We find it, in fact, by an irresponsible, central directory, nearly all the powers of Government are assumed, without even consulting the legislative or executive departments of Government. Yes, and by a resolution reported by a committee upon whom all the legislative power of the Government has been conferred, that great principle in the Constitution, which authorizes and empowers each branch of the legislative department, the Senate and House of Representatives, to be the judges of the election and qualification of its own members, has been virtually taken away from those departments of Government, and conferred upon a committee, who must report before they can act under the Constitution, and allow members duly elected to take their seats. By this rule they assume that there must be laws passed, that there must be recognition in respect to a State in the Union, with all its practical relations restored, before the respective houses of Congress, under the Constitution, shall judge of the election and qualification of its own members. What position is that? You have been struggling for four years to put down the rebellion. You denied in the beginning of the struggle that any State had the right to go out; you said that they had neither right nor power. The issue has been made, and it has been settled that a State has neither the right nor the power to go out of the Union; and when you have settled that by the executive and military power of the Government, and by the public judgment, you turn round and assume that they are out, and shall not come in. (Laughter and cheers.)

HIS OWN POLICY.

I am free to say to you, as your Executive, that I am not prepared to take any such position. I said in the Senate, in the very inception of the rebellion, that States had no right to go out. That question has been settled, and I cannot turn round now, and give the lie direct to all I profess to have done in the last five years. (Laughter and applause.) I can do no such thing. I say when they comply with the Constitution, when they have given sufficient evidence of their loyalty and that they can be trusted, when they yield obedience to the law, I say extend to them the right hand of fellowship, and let peace and Union be restored.—(Loud cheers.)

HIS OPINION OF SUMNER, STEVENS & CO.—HE DOESN'T MEAN TO BE BULLIED.

But then, gentlemen, as we swing around the circle, I have fought traitors and treason in the South; I opposed the Davises, the Toombs, the Slidells, and a long list of others, whose names I need not repeat, and now, when I turn round, at the other end of the line, I find men, I care not by what name you call them, (a voice, "call them traitors,") who still stand opposed to the restoration of the Union of these States, and I am still for the preservation of this compact; I am still for the restoration of this Union; I am still in favor of this great Government of ours going on and following out its destiny. (A voice, "Give us the names.") A gentleman calls for the names; well, suppose I should give them. (A voice, "We know them.") I look upon them, I repeat it, as President or citizen, as much opposed to the fundamental principles of this Government, and believe they are as much laboring to prevent or destroy them, as were the men who fought against us. (A voice, "What are the names.") I say Thaddeus Stevens, of Pennsylvania, [tremendous applause;] I say Charles Sumner, [great applause;] I say Wendell Phillips, and others of the same stripe, are amongst them. [A voice, "Give it to Forney."] Some gentleman in the crowd says, "Give it to Forney." I have only just to say that I do not waste my ammunition upon dead cocks. [Laughter and applause.] I stand for my country, I stand for the Constitution, where I placed my feet from my advent into public life. They may traduce me, they may slander me, they may vituperate; but let me say to you that it has no effect upon me. (Cheers.) And let me say, in addition, that I do not intend to be overawed by reason of pretended friends, nor do I intend to be bullied by my enemies.—[Applause, and a cry of "The people will sustain you."]

HIS FAITH IN THE MASSES OF HIS COUNTRYMEN.

I know, my countrymen, that it has been insinuated—and not only insinuated but said directly—(the intimation has been given in high places)—that if such a usurpation of power had been exercised two hundred years ago, in a particular reign, it would have cost a certain individual his head. What usurpation has Andrew Johnson been guilty of? ("None!" "none!") The usurpation I have been guilty of has always been standing between the people and the encroachments of power; and because I dared say in a conversation with a fellow-citizen and a Senator, too, that I thought amendments to the Constitution ought not to be so frequent; that their effect would be that it would loose all its prestige and dignity; that the old instrument would be lost sight of in a small time; because I happened to say in a conversation that, if it was amended, such and such amendments should be adopted, it was a usurpation of power that would have cost a king his head at a certain time. (Laughter and applause.) And, in connection with this subject, it was explained that we were in the midst of earthquakes, that they trembled and could not yield. Yes, there is an earthquake coming; there is a ground swell coming of popular judgment and indignation. ("That's true.") The American people will speak by their instincts, and they will know who are their friends and who their enemies.

HIS RECORD.

What positions have I occupied? I have occupied all positions under this Government, beginning with an alderman and running through all branches of the Legislature. (A voice—From a tailor up.") Some gentleman says I have been a tailor. (Tremendous applause.) Now, that did not discomfit me in the least, for when I used to be a tailor, I had the reputation of being a good one, and of making close fits—always punctual with my customers and always did good work. (A voice—"No patchwork.") No, I do not want any patchwork; I want a whole suit. But we will pass by this little facetiousness. My friends may say, "You are President, and you must not talk about such things." When principles are involved, my countrymen, when the existence of my country is imperilled, I will act as I have on former occasions, and speak what I think. I was saying that I had held nearly all positions from an alderman through both branches of Congress, to that which I now occupy, and who is there that will say Andrew Johnson ever made a pledge that he did not redeem? or made a promise that he did not fulfil? Who will say he has ever acted otherwise than in fidelity to the great mass of the people? They may talk about beheading and usurpation, but when I am beheaded I want the American people to be the witnesses. I do not want by innuendoes, by indirect remarks in high places, to see the man who has assassination brooding in his bosom exclaim, "This Presidential obstacle must be gotten out of the way." I make use of a very strong expression when I say, that I have no doubt the intention was to incite assassination, and so get out of the way "the obstacle" from place and power. Whether by assassination or not, there are individuals in this Government, I doubt not, who want to destroy our institutions and change the character of the Government. Are they not satisfied with one murder we have had? Does not the murder of Lincoln appease the vengeance and wrath of the opponents of this Government? Are they still unslaked? Do they still want more blood? Have they not got honor and courage enough to attain their objects otherwise than by the hands of the assassin? (No! no!")

HIS VIEWS ON ASSASSINATION.

I am not afraid of assassins attacking me where a brave and courageous man would attack another. I only dread him when he would go in disguise, his footsteps noiseless. If it is blood they want, let them have courage enough to strike like men. I know they are willing to wound, but they are afraid to strike. (Applause.) If my blood is to be shed because I vindicate the Union and the preservation of this Government in its original purity of character, let it be shed; but when it is shed, let an altar to the Union be erected, and then, if it is necessary, take me and lay me upon it, and the blood that now warms and animates my existence shall be poured out as a last libation of tribute to the Union of these States. (Great applause.) But let the opponents of this Government remember that when it is poured out, "the blood of the martyr will be the seed of the church." (Cheers.)

A CONVERSATION WITH MR. LINCOLN—THE LATE PRESIDENT'S VIEWS ON REPRESENTATION.

Gentlemen, this Union will grow; it will continue to increase in strength and power, though it may be cemented and cleansed with blood.—I have talked longer now than I intended to speak. Let me thank you for the honor you have done me. So far as this Government is concerned, let me say one other word in reference to the amendments of the Constitution of the United States. When I reached Washington for the purpose of being inaugurated as Vice-President of the United States, I had a conversation with Mr. Lincoln. We were talking about the condition of affairs, and in reference to matters in my own State. I stated that we had called a Convention, and had amended our Constitution by abolishing slavery in the State—a State not embraced in his proclamation. All this met his approbation and gave him encouragement, and in talking upon the amendment to the Constitution he said: "When the amendment to the Constitution is adopted by three fourths of the States we shall have done all or pretty nearly all I am in favour of in amending the Constitution, if there was one other adopted." Said I, "what is that, Mr. President?" Said he, "I have laboured to preserve this Union; I have toiled four years; I have been subjected to calumny and misrepresentation, yet my great desire has been to preserve the Union of these States intact, under the Constitution as they were before." But, said I, Mr. President, what amendment do you refer to? He said he thought there should be an amendment added to the Constitution which would compel all the States to send their Senators and Representatives to the Congress of the United States. Yes, compel them. The idea was in his mind that it is a part of the doctrine of secession to break up the Government by States withdrawing their Senators and Representatives from Congress, and, therefore, he desired a constitutional amendment to compel them to be sent. How now does the matter stand? In the Constitution of the country, even that portion of it which provides for the amendment of the organic law, says that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its representation.

A PLEA FOR SOUTHERN REPRESENTATION.

And now what do we find? We find the position that the States shall not be represented, that we may impose taxes, that we may send our tax-gatherers to every region and portion of a State, that the people are to be oppressed with taxes, but when they come here to participate in the legislation of the country, they are met at the door and told "no; you must pay taxes, you must bear the burdens of the Government, but you must not participate in the legislation of the country, which is to affect you for all time." Is this just? ("No, no.") Then I say let us admit into the councils of the nation those who acknowledge their allegiance to the Government, and swear to support the Constitution. It is all embraced in that. The amplification of an oath makes no difference if a man is not loyal; but you may adopt whatever test oath you choose to prove their loyalty—that is a matter of detail for which I care nothing—let him be unquestionably loyal, owning his allegiance to the Government, and willing to support it in its hour of peril and of need, and I am willing to trust them. I know that some do not attach so much importance to this principle as I do, but one principle we carried through the Revolution was that there should be no taxation without representation. I hold to that principle laid down as fundamental by our fathers. If it was good then, it is good now. If it was a rule to stand by then, it is a rule to stand by now. It is a fundamental principle that should be adhered to as long as free government lasts.

HE UNROLLS THE CONSTITUTION.

I know it was said by some during the rebellion that our Constitution had been rolled up as a piece of parchment, and laid away; that in the time of war and rebellion there was no Constitution. Well, we know that sometimes from the very great necessity of the case, from a great emergency, we must do unconstitutional things in order to preserve the Constitution itself. But, if while the rebellion was going on the Constitution was rolled up as a parchment; if it was violated in some particulars to save the Government, there may have been some excuse to justify it. But now that peace has come; now the war is over, we want a written Constitution; and I say the time has come to take the Constitution down, unroll it, re-read it, and understand its provisions. Now, if you have saved the Government by violating the Constitution in war, you can only save it in peace by preserving the Constitution, and the only way to preserve it is by a strict adherence to the Constitution of our fathers as it is now unfolded. It must now be read and understood by the American people. I come here to-day, as far as I can, in making these remarks, to indicate the Constitution and to save it, for it does seem to me that encroachment after encroachment is proposed. I stand to-day prepared, so far as I can, to resist these encroachments upon the Constitution and Government. Now that we have peace, let us enforce the Constitution; let us live under and by its provisions; let it be published; let it be printed in blazing characters, as if it were in the heavens, punctuated with stars, that all may read and understand; let us consult that instrument; let us digest its provisions, understan I them, and, understanding, abide by them. I tell the opponents of this Government, [I care not from what quarter they come, whether from the East, West, North or South,] you who are engaged in the work of breaking up the Government by amendments to the Constitution, that the principles of free government are deeply rooted in the American heart. All the powers combined, I care not of what character they are, cannot destroy that great instrument—that great chart of freedom. They may seem to succeed for a time, but their attempts will be futile. They might as well undertake to lock up the winds or chain the waves of the ocean, and confine them to limits. They may think now it can be done by a concurrent resolution; but when it is submitted to the popular judgment and to the popular will, they will find that they might as well undertake to introduce a resolution to repeal the law of gravity as to keep this Union from being restored.

THE PEOPLE TO DECIDE THE QUESTION.

It is just about as feasible to resist the great law of gravity which binds all to a common centre, as that great law of gravity which will bring back these States, and replace them in their relations. All these conspiracies and machinations, North and South, cannot prevent it. All that is wanted is time until the American people can get to know what is going on. I would the whole American people could be assembled here to-day, as you are. I wish we had an amphitheatre capacious enough to hold these thirty million of people, that they could be here and witness the struggle that is going in to preserve the Constitution of their fathers, they would settle this question. They could see who it is, and how it is, and what kind of spirit is manifested in breaking up this great principle of free government. Yes! when they came to see the struggle, and to understand who is for and who against them, if you could make them perform the part of gladiators, in the first tilt you would find the enemies of the country crushed and helpless.

HIS FIDELITY TO THE PEOPLE.

I have detained you longer than I intended. ("Go on.") We are in a great struggle. I am your instrument. Who is there I have not toiled or labored for? Where is the man or woman, either in public or private life, who has not always received my attention or my time? Pardon the egotism, they say that man Johnson is a lucky man; that no man can defeat me.—I will tell you what constitutes good luck. It is doing right, and being for the people; that is what constitutes good luck. Somehow or other the people will find out and understand who is for and who is against them. I have been placed in as many trying positions as any mortal man was ever placed in, but, so far, I have not deserted the people, and I believe they will not desert me. What principle have I violated? What sentiment have I swerved from?—Can they put their finger upon it? Have you heard them point out any discrepancy? Have you heard them quote my predecessor, who fell a martyr to his country's cause, as going in opposition or in contradiction to any thing that I have done? The very policy which I am pursuing now and pursued under his administration, was being pursued by him when that inscrutable Providence saw fit to remove him, I trust, to a better world than this. Where is there one principle adopted by him, in reference to this restoration, that I have departed from? ("None! none!") The war, then, is not simply upon me, but upon my predecessor. I have tried to do my duty. I know that some people in their jealousy have made the remark that the White House is President. Just let me say that the charms of the White House, and all that sort of flummery, has less influence with me than with those who are talking about it. The little I eat or wear does not amount to much. That required to sustain me and my little family is very little, for I am not feeding many, though in one sense of consanguinity or affinity I am akin to everybody. The conscious satisfaction of having performed my duty to my country is all the reward I have.

HIS CONCLUDING APPEAL.

Then, in conclusion, let me ask this vast concourse, this sea of upturned faces, to go with me in standing round the Constitution of our country. It is again unfolded, and the people are invited to read, to understand, and to maintain its provisions. Let us stand by the Constitution of our fathers, though the heavens themselves may fall. Let us stand by it. Though faction may rage, though taunts and jeers may come, though vituperation come in its most violent character, I will be found standing by the Constitution as the chief rock of our safety, as the palladium of our civil and religious liberty. Yes, let us cling to it as the mariner clings to last plank when the night and tempest closes the around him.

Accept my thanks for the indulgence you have given me in making the extemporaneous remarks I have made on this occasion. Let us go forward, forgetting the past and looking to the future, and try to restore our country, trusting in Him who rules on high and in the earth below, that ere long our Union will be restored, and that we will have peace, not only on earth, but especially with the United States, and good will. I thank you, my countrymen, for the respect you have manifested on this occasion. When your country is gone, if you are about that place, look out and you will find the humble individual, who now stands before you, weeping over its final dissolution.

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Annexed please find result of my analysis of sample of your Super Phosphate of Lime left with me. This being such a superior article in every respect, I cannot refrain from congratulating you upon such a manufacture, which undoubtedly will meet with great success.

Wishing you every success, I am,
Respectfully yours,
G. A. LEBAID.

BALTIMORE, August 3, 1865.

Of Free Phosphoric Acid Hyd. containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid. 7.45.	10.28
Of Bi Phosphate of Lime, containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid, 3.70.	6.10
Of Neutral Phosphate of Lime containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid. 4.36.	8.35
Of Sulphate of Lime hydrated containing of Sulphuric Acid (Sos.) 21.20.	45.83
Of Alkaline Salts as Sulphates.	1.11
Of Organic Combustible Matter, capable of producing Ammonia. 3.76.	2.858
Of Animal Coal and Sand.	5.00
Phosphoric Acid soluble in Water.	11.15.
Phosphoric Acid insoluble in Water.	4.86.
Ammonia	3.76.

MANUFACTURED BY
ENOCH COE, Hunter's Point L. I.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE BEEN APPOINTed Agents for the Sta e of North Carolina, and will supply this superior fertiliser at manufacturers' prices.

Put up in barrels of about 300 pounds weights.

700 Barrels now in Store,

and for sale by
O. G. PARSLEY & CO.
Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 4 120-3m.

PETER MALLETT
General Commission
AND
SHIPPING MERCHANT,
NO 23 NORTH WATER ST.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES, Lumber, and other Produce for Sale or Shipping respectfully solicited. Liberal advancements made. ☞ Orders promptly executed.

Nov 26—93-3m.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
COSMOPOLITE.

ON THE FIRST OF JANUARY WE WILL commence the publication, in the City of Baltimore, of a monthly

Literary Magazine.

There is no publication of this character now issued South of New York City, and the closing of the war has left a large portion of the people of the country without a literary representative.

The COSMOPOLITE will be devoted to

Literature, Art, Reviews, Scientific Papers and General Reading,

and we shall number among its contributors some of the first literary men of the South, with others from the North and from London and Paris.

All matter not original will be carefully selected from the newest and best of the English, French and German publications; and its Editors will spare no effort or expense to make it rank with the very FIRST magazines of the country.

As its name imports, we have established the COSMOPOLITE upon no sectional basis. We hope to make it the organ of general literature alone; and will be unaffluenced by any part or clique whatever.

It will be mailed to subscribers in any part of the country upon receipt of the following

Subscription:

Single Copies, for one year,	$4 00
Five Copies for one year,	18 00
Ten copies for one year,	20 00

☞ The COSMOPOLITE will be generally distributed among the Merchants and Planters of the South, and we will add, for their information, a few advertisements, at moderate rates.

☞ Liberal deductions will be made to booksellers and newsdealers.

☞ Newspapers publishing this prospectus and sending a marked copy to the undersigned, will receive a copy of the magazine. Address

DE LEON & CO.,
P. O. Box 286, Baltimore, Md.
Jan 18, 135, tf.

Bacon.

5000 POUNDS of Shoulders, bright and dry, for sale by A. A. WILLARD.
Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf

THE DAILY SENTINEL

WM. E. PELL, SEATON GALES, } Editors.

Tuesday, February 27, 1866.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For Daily, per year,	$10 00
" six months,	5 00
" one month	1 00
" two months	2 00
Semi-Weekly per year,	5 00
Weekly per year,	5 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. The Weekly and Semi-weekly will be issued about the first of January. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

The President Must be Sustained.

Perhaps there is not a man in North Carolina, loyal to the common government and loyal to the State, who does not most heartily sympathise with the President in the positions he has taken. From all quarters our people, with one voice endorse his position and hail him as their friend.

If this be so, in what way can the people of North Carolina give the President the strongest moral support in his conflict with Radicalism? Can it be done by such a course of conduct as will give the North, cause of objection to us? We do not mean, that the South should labor to remove all objection. This is impossible.—The Radicals do not intend to be satisfied with us. They will prevent the restoration of the States by every possible method. But we mean, that the South and the people of North Carolina should pursue such a policy as would give them no *good* ground of offence—that our course should be satisfactory to the conservative masses of the North and of the President. It is important that he should be able to say to the Congress, "I find no fault in them."

The President's Speech.

A most imposing demonstration in support of President Johnson's policy took place in Washington City on Thursday last at Grovers Theatre. The building was crammed, and two large outside meetings were held simultaneously. The object of the meetings was to do honor to the birth day of Washington. The meeting was addressed by several popular speakers, and a series of patriotic resolutions passed fully endorsing the President and his policy. After the meeting closed, the crowd headed by bands of music called upon the President at the Executive Mansion, when Mr. Fendall, the President of the meeting, presented the resolutions to President Johnson in a brief address. The strong and powerful speech which we publish on our first page to-day, was the President's reply.

Our private information from Washington is, that the excitement is intense. The Radicals are violent and resentful, and apparently determined in their course. It is believed that the President is equally determined. His positions, it seems to us, are impregnable. Patriotism, humanity, peace, reason, common sense and the constitution alike sustain him. The position of affairs looks threatening. We trust there is conservatism enough left in the Republican party, to yield to the reasonable demands of the President.

The Trial of Major Gee.

We had made arrangements with our friend Rev. N. B. Cobb, to furnish us a full report of the proceedings of this trial. Mr. C. is a teacher of stenography and with a little practice will make a capital reporter. Indeed he now does admirably and omits nothing. We are aware of the interest which is felt in this trial, and would be glad, if it were possible, to furnish our readers with a thorough report. But the determination both of the Legislature and the Commission to hold day and night sessions, positively obliges us to desist from the attempt to publish full reports of the trial. The Legislative proceedings now approaching the close of its session, and by far the most important part of it, cannot be omitted.

We shall therefore be obliged to give our readers such a synopsis of the trial, as will enable them to form a general idea of its progress and of the testimony. We should be glad to accomplish both objects, but it would involve an amount of expense which we could not bear, unless it promised certain remuneration.

Richmond Examiner.

The *Examiner* has resumed its publication.—Mr. Pollard, in a card, states, in reply to the various statements published, that the following contains the pledge which he made, and that he made none others:

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17, 1866.

To the President:

If the publication of the Richmond *Examiner* is permitted to be resumed, I promise that it shall support the Union, the Constitution and the laws, and the policy of your Administration.

I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servant,
H. RIVES POLLARD.

The President in New York.

A most enthusiastic meeting was held in New York at the Cooper Institute on Thursday evening last. Resolutions were adopted endorsing the President's position and approving of the course of those representatives from that State who sustained the veto. Among other speeches, Mr. Seward and Gov. Dennison addressed the meeting; both of whom sustained the President.

A GOOD SUGGESTION.—The *Progress* urges that the President can immediately contribute much to the peace and quiet of the South, by the speedy removal of the colored troops.—Wherever they have been brought in contact with the whites, trouble and dissatisfaction have been produced.

MRS. BALL'S CASE.—We learn that Gen. Ruger has not yet given his decision in this case. We learn that Mrs. Ball has however been permitted to return home.

The Vote on Negro Testimony.

The discussions on this subject have occupied considerable time in the House, but the voting does not, perhaps, exhibit the real sense of the House in regard to the merits of the question. Public opinion has certainly undergone very great change upon this subject within the last two months. Some of the members, we judge, were committed to their constituents to oppose it, whose minds have undergone a change, and others who were favorable to the bill in its original shape, voted against its passage in its present form. Some twenty members of the House were absent, which may account somewhat for the small majority in its favor.

We have entire confidence in the motives which prompt gentlemen to oppose this important feature of the Freedmen's Code. It is a question which the public mind in the South must gradually come to. There are at first view serious objections to it, but when carefully pondered, it does appear to us to be a *necessity* to which we must come at last, if we would restore quiet and confidence to the country. The sequel will show that President Johnson is fully and entirely committed, to the principle of allowing the colored race to bear testimony before the courts in all matters in which they are interested. If this be so, stern opposition to it on the part of the South, must trammel him in his efforts to restore to the Southern States their constitutional rights.

AFFRAY IN ELIZABETH CITY.—A correspondent of the Petersburg *Index* from Elizabeth City, states that on the 19th inst., a young man named Crowder Allen, got into an altercation with a negro and was stabbed by him three times—twice in the heart and once in the neck. He is in a very critical condition. The people were greatly excited, the negro was arrested and while he was undergoing examination, some one shot him in the neck, inflicting a dangerous wound.

BOLD ROGUERY.—A colored man, whose name we have not learned, on Saturday afternoon, broke open the door of the stable attached to the Exchange Hotel, and deliberately took the harness and put them upon the horse of the proprietor, Mr. Cunninggim, and mounted the horse and started out of town. The hostler discovered soon that the animal was gone, informed the proprietor, and they both mounted horses and pursued after him. They overtook the fellow beyond Crabtree, and the negro, finding he would be overhauled, jumped off the horse and started to the woods. He could not be found, but the horse and harness were secured.

SMALL POX IN EDENTON, N. C.—The Norfolk *Day Book* learns from its correspondent in Edenton, N. C., that the small pox is on the increase in that place. There are now six cases, and the citizens have a new hospital or pest house nearly completed for their reception.

DROWNED.—One of the workmen engaged in rebuilding the N. C. R. R. Bridge, across Neuse river, was drowned a few days ago. It was a Mr. Yount, from Catawba Station.

Corporation Proceedings.

Special meeting of the Board of Commissioners held this evening,

Present—Col. Wm. H. Harrison, Mayor.

Messrs. C. B. Root, N. S. Harp, C. M. Farriss, A. Sorrell, Dr. W. H. McKee, R. W. Haywood, H. Mahler, and P. Overby, Commissioners.

On motion of Mr. Root, ordered, that the Mayor, be requested to advertise for proposals for keeping the street pumps in repair until 1st January, 1867.

On motion of Mr. Overby, ordered that the Mayor be requested to employ some person to keep the pumps in repair until they be contracted for by the year.

Messrs. Cowper and Moore petitioned for auctioneer's license, which was granted.

On motion of Mr. Farriss, ordered that Messrs. Fraps & Co's building on Fayetteville street, be allowed to remain until ordered by the Board to be removed.

On motion of Dr. McKee, ordered that Mr. Henry Andrews be notified to remove his wood building fronting Market street, within thirty days.

On motion of Mr. Mahler, ordered that Messrs. W. Overby and Thomas Dancy be discharged as city nightwatch.

Dr McKee, chairman of committee on revisal of city charter, asked leave to report on Monday evening next, which was granted.

On motion of Mr. Farriss, ordered that an order be issued on the city treasurer for the sum of $900, to Mr. Parker, chief of police, for the arrest of the person who committed the murder of Mr. W. F. Fort, and offered as a reward by this Board.

On motion of Mr. Root, a committee was appointed, consisting of Messrs. Root, Farriss and Harp, to draw up an ordinance relative to privys, hog sties, &c., and report at next meeting.

On motion, the Board adjourned, to meet on Monday evening next at 9 o'clock.

J. J. CHRISTOPHERS, *Clerk*.

Raleigh, Feb. 14, 1866.

GENERAL ITEMS.

The Asheville *News* says that one fourth of the real estate in Asheville is offered for sale.

A fire company has been formed in Greensboro. A. G. Breniger, Foreman.

Gen. Hardee has been appointed President of the Selma and Meriden Rail Road in Alabama.

The life of Gen. Stonewall Jackson, by Rev. Dr. Dabney, is about to be issued by Blalock of New York.

Henry Ward Beecher sustains the veto message of President Johnson.

Counterfeit $20 bills on the First National Bank of Indiana, were circulated in Charlotte, last week.

Bishop Lynch, Catholic Bishop of South Carolina, is making arrangements to build a fine church in Charleston in place of St. Finbar's Cathedral.

Bishop Early has had an interview with President Johnson in reference to the Methodist Church property claimed by the Northern Baltimore Conference, which is said to have been satisfactory to the Bishop.

At a caucus held by the Republican members of the Maine Legislature resolutions were agreed upon sustaining the course of the Radicals in Congress.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SENATE.

MONDAY, Feb. 26.

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Atkinson.

The Journal of Saturday was read and approved.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

The bill to authorize the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to empower Executors to sell for cash, was taken up; the question arising on the passage of the bill, Mr. Carter called for the yeas and nays, and the bill was rejected by a vote of nays 20, to yeas 11.

Mr. Carter introduced a bill to extend the term of office of certain county officers. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The bill to punish seditious language, acts of rebellion or insurrection in this State, came up. Messrs. Carter, Wilson and Leitch discussed the subject at some length. Messrs. Wilson and Leitch doubted the propriety of any legislation upon the subject at present. Mr. Carter was in favor of immediate action.

Mr. Leitch of Robeson, moved the bill be laid on the table. Lost.

The question arising on the passage of the bill on its third reading, Mr. Leitch called the yeas and nays, and the bill passed.

Those who voted in the affirmative are

Messrs. Arendell, Berry, Black, Blount, Boyd, Bynum, Carter, Covington, Cowles, Garner, Harris, of Rutherford, Jones, of Columbus, Keener, Latham, McEachern, Pitchford, Shober, Taylor, Wiggins, Williams, Wilson and Winstead—22.

Those who voted in the negative are

Messrs. Ferebee, Gash, Hall, Harris, of Franklin, Leitch, of Robeson, McKoy, McLean, Morgan and Stanford—9.

Mr. Cowles, from the Committee to whom was referred the petition of Mr. Cole, of Robeson, reported that the committee after due consideration, deeming that the General Assembly can take no action upon it, beg to be discharged from its further consideration. The bill fixing salaries and fees as amended was concurred in.

A message was received from the House transmitting sundry bills, which will be noticed when acted upon.

The resolution making an appropiation for the support of the Insane Asylum came up and considerable discussion ensued. Mr. Carter moved to postpone the further consideration of the bill until Saturday next which was lost; the question recuring on the passage of the bill its second reading, Mr. Carter called the ayes and nays, and the bill passed by a vote of 22 ayes; 11 nays.

A message from the House transmitting the bill to change the jurisdiction of the courts, and to alter the rules of pleading. On motion of Mr. Cowles, it was made the special order for 12 o'clock on Wednesday next.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The bill providing for the issue of bonds to be taken in payment of interest in State bonds now due, being the special order for 12 o'clock, was taken up. Several gentlemen engaged in the discussion of its merits, but pending the discussion the hour of adjournment arrived and the Senate adjourned till half past 7 o'clock this evening.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

MONDAY Feb. 26th, 1866.

The House was called to order at 10 o'clock A. M.

Prayer by Rev. J. M. Atkinson of the Presbyterian Church.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Blackmer submitted a report from the committee of Conference on the bill regulating salaries and fees. The House concurred in the report, which was then transmitted to the Senate.

Mr. Manly introduced the following:

RESOLUTIONS IN FAVOR OF A GENERAL AMNESTY.

1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of North Carolina, That a brave people should ever be generous, and an enlightened nation never know revenge.

2. That the peace of the country and the preservation of the constitution, depend upon the recognition of the cardinal principles that, "all just powers of government are derived from the consent of the governed," and that this consent can be obtained in the late Confederate States by the exercise of a spirit of kindness and conciliation.

3. That the promptness of the Southern States, after laying down their arms, to adopt such measures as were requisite in order to resume their place in the Union, gives evidence of good faith on their part, and entitles the people thereof to the fullest confidence and clemency and the investiture of all civil rights.

4. That while in *exceptional* cases, the infliction of the death penalty as punishment for treason, or other like offences, becomes necessary as a national policy, this General Assembly believes that in the present posture of affairs, a further effusion of blood is unmerciful and impolitic, and will only be productive of greater antagonism between the discordant sections of our Union.

5. That the civil and military officers, who where put forward as leaders in the Confederation of Southern States, were but representatives of the people, and are guilty of no greater crime than thousands who have received pardon at the hands of the National Executive; that their conviction and punishment would establish no principle, nor accomplish any desirable object, but only add to the humiliation of a brave and generous people, retard the establishment of confidence and disturb the work of permanent restoration and amity of feeling.

6. This General Assembly, therefore, earnestly favors an amnesty which shall embrace all from the highest to the lowest, and which shall operate as a general prison delivery, extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, of all held in bondage because of their participation in the late civil war.

7. That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to his Excellency, the President of the United States.

These resolutions lie on the table, ordered to be printed, and will be called up hereafter.

Mr. Smith of Columbus, introduced a resolution that the Judiciary Committee be instructed to make inquiry as to the propriety of reducing the penal bonds of sheriffs, clerks, and other officers. Adopted

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. Ferrell, a bill to authorize the sale of a lot to the city of Raleigh.

By Mr. Davis of Carteret, "a bill to amend the 102nd chapter, revised code, entitled, salaries and fees." [In relation to fees of Entry Takers.]

By Mr. Harrington, "a bill to prevent the amalgamation of the white and colored races."

By Mr. Jenkins, of Gaston—a bill to legalize the acts of the county courts of Gaston and Lincoln counties.

By Mr. Jenkins, of Warren—a bill to authorize the sale of the Roanoke Valley Railroad.

By Mr. Manly—a bill to incorporate the Newbern Savings Institution.

The resolution introduced on Saturday, that the House hold night sessions from and after today; was laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Waugh.

The resolution that the House hereafter meet daily at half past 9 o'clock A. M., was laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Henry.

ON CALENDAR.

The House proceeded to consider the bill concerning negroes, and persons of color, or mixed blood, on its third reading.

The 9th section was amended on motion of Mr. Allison by the addition of a proviso giving both plaintiff and defendant the right to testify.

Mr. Holderby moved to amend the bill by allowing clerks of county courts a fee of fifty cents for entry and certificate of marriage between persons of color.

On motion of Mr. Hutchison, this amendment was removed by substituting *twenty-five* cents as the fee. The amendment as amended was adopted.

Mr. McNair moved to amend by striking out the 9th section which allows negroes to testify.

The yeas and nays were ordered, and the House refused to strike out, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Arrington, Barnett, Black, Burgess, Carson, Craige, Dalby, Dickey, Everett, Farrow, Ferrell, Foster, Gaines, Garland, Hamilton, Harrison, Harrington, Henry, Hilliard, Hodnett, Holderby, Horton, Jenkins of Granville, Jenkins of Warren, Joyner, Kenan, Leigh of Tyrrell, Lucas, Luke, Matthews, McEachen, McNair, Murrill, Nicks, Potter, Russell, Shaw, Simmons, Smith of Cumberland, Smith of Guilford, Scoggin, Thigpen, Webb and York—44.

NAYS—Messrs. Allison, Ashworth, Baxter, Blackmer, Blair, Blythe, Bonner, Bryson, Burton, Caldwell, Cameron, Campbell, Candler, Carson, Chadwick, Cox, Crawford, Davis of Carteret, Faircloth of Green, Faircloth of Wayne, Flythe, Furr, Harper, Hawes, Hoke, Holmes, Houston, Hutchison, Hyman, Jenkins of Gaston, Jones, Kinney, Lee of Gates, Logan, Lyon, Manly, McAden, McDonald, McIntosh, Melson, Moore of Alamance, Moore of Martin, Mott, Newsum, Palmer, Paschall, Smith of Columbus, Stilley, Teague, Thompson, Wheeler, Whitley, Wilson and Winstead—38.

Mr. Waugh had paired off with Mr. Rosebro, who was absent.

The question recurring on the passage of the bill on its third reading, it passed as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Allison, Ashworth, Baxter, Blackmer, Blair, Blythe, Bonner, Bryson, Burton, Caldwell, Cameron, Campbell, Candler, Chadwick, Cox, Crawford, Davis, of Carteret, Faircloth, of Green, Faircloth, of Wayne, Flythe, Furr, Harper, Hoke, Holmes, Houston, Hutchison, Hyman, Jenkins, Gaston, Kinney, Lee, of Gates, Logan, Manly, McAden, McDonald, McIntosh, Melson, Moore, of Alamance, Moore, of Martin, Mott, Newsum, Palmer, Paschall, Smith, of Columbus, Stilley, Teague, Thompson, Wheeler, Whitley, Wilson and Yellowley—51.

NAYS—Messrs. Arrington, Barnett, Black, Burgess, Carson, Craige, Dalby, Dickey, Donnell, Everett, Farrow, Ferrell, Foster, Gaines, Garland, Hamilton, Harrington, Harrison, Henry, Hilliard, Hodnett, Holderby, Horton, Jenkins, of Granville, Jenkins, of Warren, Jones, Joyner, Juokins, Kenan, Leigh, of Tyrrell, Lucas, Luke, Lyon, Marler, Matthews, McEachen, McNair, Moore, of Chatham, Murrill, Nicks, Potter, Russell, Shaw, Simmons, Smith, of Cumberland, Smith, of Guilford, Scoggin, Thigpen, Webb and York—50.

Mr. Waugh again stated that he had paired off on this question with Mr. Rosebro, who had been called home upon important business.

A bill to authorize a reference of disputes by the consent of parties, was put on its third reading.

Mr. Donnell moved that it be laid on the table.

The yeas and nays were ordered, and the motion prevailed as follows:

Messrs. Allison, Barnett, Baxter, Blackmer, Bonner, Bryson, Campbell, Candler, Cox, Davis of Halifax, Donnell, Everett, Faircloth of Green, Faircloth of Wayne, Farrow, Foster, Furr, Garland, Harper, Harrison, Henry, Hodnett, Hoke, Horton, Hutchison Jenkins of Gaston, Jenkins of Granville, Kenan, Kinney, Lee of Gates, Leigh of Tyrrell, Luke, Manly, Marler, McAden, McNair, Moore of Alamance, Moore of Martin, Murrill, Nicks, Russell, Smith of Columbus, Scoggin, Thigpen, Thompson, Wilson, Yellowly, York.—Yeas, 50.

Messrs. Arrington, Ashworth, Black, Blair, Blythe, Burton, Caldwell, Carson, Craige, Crawford, Dalby, Davis of Carteret, Dickey, Flythe, Gidney, Hamilton, Harrington, Hawes, Hilliard, Holderby, Holmes, Houston, Jenkins of Warren, Jones, Joyner, Judkins, Kinney, Lee of Gates, Logan, Lucas, Matthews, McDonald, McEachen, McIntosh, Moore of Chatham, Mott, Newsum, Palmer, Paschall, Shaw, Smith of Cumberland, Smith of Guilford, Stilley, Teague, Waugh, Wheeler, Whitley.—Nays, 45.

"A bill improving the law of evidence," after amendment and discussion, was laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Henry.

A bill to enable the banks to close their business, was put on its third reading.

Mr. Waugh moved to amend the bill as follows:

Strike out the words "for the equal benefit of all its creditors" and insert in lieu thereof, the words "for the equal benefit of all its creditors, citizens of North Carolina at the date of assignment, and who was a *bona fide* creditor to the bank at the date of assignment, to be verified on affidavit by the Trustee."

Mr. Hyman moved that the bill be indefinitely postponed. Not agreed to.

The question recurring on Mr. Waugh's amendment, it was rejected, as follows.

YEAS—Messrs. Black, Craige, Faison, Harrison, Hawes, Hilliard, Horton, Kenan, Leigh of Tyrrell, McAden, McNair, Moore of Alamance, Teague, Waugh and York—15.

NAYS—Messrs. Allison, Ashworth, Baxter, Blackmer, Blair, Blythe, Bonner, Bryson, Burgess, Burton, Caldwell, Cameron, Campbell, Candler, Carson, Chadwick, Crawford, Dalby, Davis of Carteret, Dickey, Faircloth of Green, Faircloth of Wayne, Farrow, Flythe, Furr, Garland, Gidney, Hamilton, Harper, Harrington, Henry, Hodnett, Holderby, Holmes, Houston, Hutchison, Hyman, Jenkins of Gaston, Jenkins of Granville, Jenkins of Warren, Jones, Joyner, Judkins, Kinney, Lee of Gates, Logan, Lucas, Lyon, Manly, Matthews, McDonald, McEachen, McIntosh, Melson, Moore of Chatham, Moore of Martin, Mott, Murrill, Nicks, Niven, Newsum, Page, Palmer, Paschall, Potter, Russell, Shaw, Simmons, Smith of Columbus, Smith of Cumberland, Smith of Guilford, Stilley, Scoggin, Thigpen, Thompson, Trull, Webb, Whitley, Williams, Wilson and Yellowley—82.

The bill then passed its third reading.

Mr. Hawes, by leave, introduced a bill to amend an act to encourage and promote the planting of Oysters and clams.

On motion of Mr. Paschall the House adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow.

ILL.—We regret to learn that W. W. Seaton, ex-Mayor of Washington, and known throughout the country as one of the former editors of the *National Intelligencer*, is lying dangerously ill at his residence, in this city, with cancer in the face, and it is feared that he may not recover.—*Washington Star.*

The Democratic members of the Ohio Legislature, in caucus on Tuesday last, endorsed the President's veto.

MARRIED:

In Floral College, on the 21st inst., by the Rev. George Patterson, Willie R. French, to Eliza, daughter of the late B. L. McLauchlin, of Columbia, S. C.

In Lumberton, on the 21st inst., by the Rev. George Patterson, Thos. F. Wood, M. D., to Adelia, daughter of the late R. W. Fuller, of Fayetteville, N. C.

In Lumberton, N. C., on the 22d inst., by the Rev. George Patterson, Robt. M. Houston to Mary V., daughter of Robert B. Wood, Esq., of Wilmington.

DIED:

At Chapel Hill, on the 23rd instant, Mrs. Mary P. Battle, relict of Col. Joel Battle, deceased, formerly of Edgecombe county, in the 84th year of her age. Few have lived longer or better. For many years she was a devoted christian, and leaves behind her a good name.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.

TO hire a good PIANO. Apply at
J. C. PALMER'S.
Raleigh, Feb 27, 6t pd

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 26, 1866.

PROPOSALS will be received at this office until the 10th of March, to keep in repair the city pumps for the balance of the year.
WM. H. HARRISON, Mayor.
Feb 27, 169, 3t

ATTENTION, FIRE CO. NO. 2.

THE members of this Company are notified to attend a meeting of the Company, at the City Hall, on Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. By order of
CAPT. GUION.
Feb 27, 169 1t

WANTED,

A SITUATION as Teacher, by a young lady of one year's experience—a graduate of one of the colleges in this State. References given and required.
Address, "TEACHER,"
Box 305, Raleigh, N. C.
Feb 27, 169, 5t

HORSE AND MULE SHOES,

50 Kegs Horse Shoes,
50 do. Mule do.
200lbs. Horse Shoe Nails.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Feb. 27 d3m.

BOOT AND SHOE NAILS.

150 LBS. Boot and Shoe Nails.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Feb. 27-d3m.

SHOE THREAD.

100lbs. Brown Shoe Thread
100lbs. Bleached do.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Feb 27-d3m

A DWELLING House for rent.
Apply to
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Feb. 27 d3m.

TO SAWYERS.

THE subscriber wishes to employ a number of able bodied laborers, especially sawyers. He will pay the latter either in money by the thousand feet, or in provisions, or in rent of pine land if preferred. Work for one year will be guaranteed.
None need apply unless with characters well attested for industry and sobriety.
T. P. DEVEREUX,
Pollock's Ferry, 13 miles below Halifax.
Feb 17, 169, 1w

LOST NOTES.

LOST, in the Spring of 1865 at Chapel Hill, the following individual notes:
One on V. M. Hill, $1000 given in 1853.
One on Peter G. Evans, deceased, $14,000, given in 18 8.
One on W. R. Smith, $1511 given in 1859
Payment of interest have been made on each of them at various times.
All persons are warned not to trade for them.
M. A. SOUTHERLAND.
Scotland Neck, Feb 17, 169, 1wpd

SPRING IMPORTATION.

1866.

RIBBONS,
Millinery and Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS
RIBBONS, BONNET SILKS AND LACES.
Velvets, Ruches, Flowers, Feathers,
STRAW BONNETS,
Ladies' Hats,
Trimmed and Untrimmed Shaker Hoods, &c.
No. 237 and Lofts of 239 Baltimore St.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

OFFER a Stock unsurpassed in the United States in variety and cheapness.
Orders solicited and prompt attention given.
Feb 27, 169, 1mpd

TEACHER WANTED.

AN unmarried man is wanted to take charge of a small classical School in the country, in middle North Carolina. Five hundred dollars per annum, with board, will be guaranteed.
Address, with references, testimonials, &c.,
C. H. W., Greensboro, N. C.
Feb 26, 168, 2w

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Commission Merchants,
No. 14 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM have in store a full line of
Rio and Java Coffees,
Best Imperial Tea,
Crushed, Powdered,
Coffee and Brown Sugars,
Refined Syrups,
Muscovado Molasses,
Cheese, Sardines,
Mackerel and Scotch Herrings,
Canned Fruits, Pickles,
Mustard, Spices, Indigo,
Madder and other Dye Stuffs,
Borax, Brimstone,
Painted Pails, Brooms,
Pale, Brown and Fancy Soaps,
Starch, Soda,
Pure old Cognac Brandy,
Pale Sherry and Port Wines for Altar and Medicinal Purposes,
Hats, Boots and Shoes,
all of which is offered to the trade at wholesale only at prices as low as goods of the same class can be laid down purchased for cash in the Northern markets.
Our arrangements are such as enable us to execute promptly all orders for goods in our line to any amount.
We are also prepared to receive on consignment,
Cotton, Cotton Cloth, Cotton Yarn,
and other productions of the country, availing ourselves of any demand existing in this market or will sell in New York, consulting in all cases the interest of our patrons.

IN STORE,

Sudorine Flour in Barrels and Half Barrels.
Pure French Brandy, in ¼ Pipes.
Syrups
Stoughton's Bitters in cases
SWEPSON & PULLIAM.
Feb 26, 168, 1f

PERUVIAN GUANO.

MESSRS. McILWAINE & CO.,
PETERSBURG, VA.

BEGS to inform the Planters of North Carolina that they have succeeded in procuring a second supply of
GENUINE PERUVIAN GUANO,
which they will sell at present at $90 per ton.
Petersburg, Va., Feb. 23, 165-d1m.
Standard please copy.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE FOR RENT.

THE premises recently occupied by the late Mrs. Wm. H. Haywood, Sr., on Newbern street.
The lot containing about two acres, has a dwelling house with 6 rooms 5 of them with fire places, the usual out buildings, and an office with two good rooms on the street, a large fertile garden well stocked with choice fruits and flowers, and a well of excellent water.
Possession given immediately, except of the office, which will be given at the close of the present session of the General Assembly.
CHARLES MANLY.
Feb 22, 165, 1w, pd

A. A. MOFFITT. W. D. MOFFITT. JOHN M'LOUIS
MOFFITT, BRO. & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
No. 4 South Water Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

WILL give prompt Personal attention to the sale or shipment of Cotton, Naval Stores, General Produce, &c., &c. Also to receiving and forwarding goods.
Orders solicited and promptly filled.
Jan. 27, 149, 6m

OFFICE CHATHAM R. R. COMPANY,
Raleigh, Feb. 20, 1866.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chatham Rail Road Company will be held at the office of the Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road in Raleigh, on Thursday [noon] the 1st of March, 1866.
W. W. VASS, Sec'y and Treasurer.
Feb 21, 164, 11st March

McILWAINE & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Nos. 79, 81 and 83 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, VA.

The subscribers respectfully offer their services to the TRADE NORTH and SOUTH, and to the PLANTERS of VIRGINIA and NORTH CAROLINA, in the purchase and sale of
GROCERIES, COTTON,
TOBACCO, GRAIN, &c.
They trust by strict personal attention to all business confided to their care, to secure a continuance of the confidence so liberally bestowed on the late firm of
McILWAINE, SON & CO.,
of which our senior was so long a member.
McILWAINE & CO.
ROBT. D. McILWAINE,
FRANK POTTS,
S. S. BRUGGERS.
Mr. EDWARD GRAHAM, of the late firms of McIlwaine & Graham and Hamilton & Graham, can be found with us where he will be pleased to see his friends.
Petersburg Va., Feb. 23, 1866-6ms.

Young Men's Christian Association.

LECTURE ON BABIES!
ASA HARTZ
WILL LECTURE
WEDNESDAY NIGHT
IN THE
COMMONS HALL.
Something Rich, Rare and Racy.
A GOOD CHANCE FOR FUN LOVERS TO BE MERRY!
Ladies are Especially invited to Attend.
Price of Admission, 50 Cents.
Only a Limited Number of Tickets will be Sold.
Tickets to be had at the Book Stores.
Feb. 24, 167, 1d

MOSSES FROM A ROLLING STONE.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

THE authoress Mrs. MARY B. CLARKE, will send this book by mail to any person remitting her the price. The profits on all copies thus sold will be appropriated to the Ladies Association for the protection of the grave of our dead around Winchester Va.
For sale also, for the same purpose, at the N. C. Book Store.
Feb. 2 167 3ts.
Standard and Progress copy three times.

1865. 1866.
THE SPRING TRADE NOW OPENING.

JUST RECEIVED.

9 Dozen Fine Soft Hats.
10,00 yards 4-4 Sheeting.
5,00 yards Bleached Shirtings.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!!

Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Mackerel, Mess Pork, Mountain and Goshen Butter.
50 boxes Adamantine Candles.
75 boxes Family Soaps.
10 boxes Satin Gloss Starch.
10 kegs F. F. and F. F. F. Powder.
50 bags Shot.
20 boxes Raisins.
White Sugar drip Syrup.
Red Top Clover Seed.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
Raleigh, Feb 26, 168, 3ms

GOODMAN, Mississippi. A. P. MERRILL, JR., New York.
GOODMAN & MERRILL,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants.
36 New Street, New York.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE ADVANCES ON consignments in store or on receipt of bills of lading.
All consignments to us will be covered by Fire and Marine Insurance unless otherwise directed.
We have made an arrangement with Mr. D. W. Courts, late Public Treasurer of N. C., by which he becomes interested in all the business sent us from that State. We solicit the patronage of his friends.
He is not associated now with the firm of Bennett, Van Pelt & Co., New York.
Jan 8, 156, 3ms.

DAILY SENTINEL.

Tuesday, February 27, 1866.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—A Piano wanted to rent—Enquire at J. C. Palmer's store.

T. P. Devereux, Esq., Pollock's Ferry on the Roanoke, wants to employ sawyers. A good chance for good laborers.

M. A. Southerland, of Scotland Neck, advertises lost notes.

Messrs. Armstrong, Cator & Co., of Baltimore, offer the finest stock of straw goods in the country. Call and see their stock.

Mayor Harrison wants to contract for keeping the city pumps in order.

Fire Co. No. 2, attention.

Messrs. B. P. Williamson & Co., have a fine lot of Horse Shoes, Boot Nails, &c.

BOARD.—Mrs. E. Graham Haywood has room for two or three more boarders. Those desiring comfortable accommodations will do well to apply to Mrs. H.

Col. Bushyhead and wife visited the General Assembly on yesterday. They were conducted into the Senate chamber by the member from Jackson, Mr. Keener, and remained some time, attentively listening to the proceedings.

Quite a number of witnesses are here in attendance upon the trial of Maj. Gee. Many of them from this State, and a number from the North who were prisoners.

The Cure is Thorough.

Kenneth Haynes, Esq. Clerk of Columbus County Court, writes [April 2, 1853:] "During the latter part of the year 1852 I was severely afflicted with diseased liver, and many nights while in bed the pain would become so excruciating that I was compelled to get out of the bed and sit up until the pain would subside. I procured a few boxes of the *Southern Hepatic Pills*, and the *first dose* gave me great relief. I continued to use the Pills for two weeks, and have not suffered from liver disease since. I have recommended them accordingly, and several persons are in want of them."

☞ For sale by the Druggists. Directions accompany each box. Sent to any part of the United States for $3 per dozen. Address

GEORGE W. DEEMS & CO.,
Feb 6, 151, 1m Baltimore, Md

A CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER MAY BE FOUND WITH Hart & Lewis, No. 44 Fayetteville Street. He respectfully invites his old customers and the public, to the extensive assortment of HARDWARE CUTLERY and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS now in store.

J. BROWN.

Raleigh, Jan'y 10-128—3m.

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

We invite special attention of purchasers to our large and interesting stock of

Miscellaneous Hardware,
Wooden Ware,
Willow Ware,
Crockery Ware,
Glass Ware,
China Ware,
Pot and Hollow Ware,
Stone Ware,
Tin Ware,
Iron and Steel Buggy Material,
Bridles,
Saddles,
Harness,
Collars, &c.,
Lamp Lanterns
Oils, Paints,
Varnishes and Brushes.

—ALSO—

FAMILY GROCERIES.

In fact, for anything in the

House-Keeping Line.

Call at

44 Fayetteville Street,

J. BROWN,
WITH HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, Jan 15, 132, tf.

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

KELLOGG & BRENIZER,

BANKERS, BROKERS,

—AND—

INSURANCE AGENTS,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

GOLD AND SILVER EXCHANGE, BANK Notes, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold.

Deposits received subject to sight checks as with the Banks.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Will transact all business promptly and on reasonable terms. jan 5, 124, 3m

GREAT SENSATION!!

The Parisian Monarch Dethroned!!!

THE WORLD OF FASHION

AT

FARRISS & LACK'S,

SELECTING THEIR OUTFIT FROM THEIR fresh arrivals of Goods, consisting of

New Broadcloths,
Beaver Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Ready-made Clothing,
Hats and Caps,
Splendid Overcoats,
Collars,
Cravats,
Gloves,
Hosiery,
Valises,
Handkerchiefs.
&c., &c., &c., &c.

☞ Call and inspect Goods and Garments.

Fine Merchant Tailoring

is still carried on, but upon a larger basis than ever before attempted in the South.

An Entire Suit of Clothes

made up, at any moment, on 12 hours' notice.

Their Goods are all new, they have a splendid Cutter, and Needlemen whose work will compare favorably with any executed in Europe or in this country.

Jan 5 126—3m.

Warrenton Male Academy.

WARRENTON, N. C.

BOYS prepared for College or the practical pursuits of life.

Tuition $18 and $25 per session of 20 weeks.

Board $60 per session in same family with one of the teachers.

JNO. E. DUGGER, A. M.,
Feb 8, 153, 1m Principal.

TELEGRAPHIC.

By the American Telegraph Company.

Fire in Salisbury.

We are indebted to the politeness of Mr. O'Brien, the operator here for the following:

Feb. 26.

A fire occurred in Salisbury this morning at 2 o'clock, which originated in a Tin Shop adjoining the Boyden House. The latter was not burned, but half a dozen stores below the Boyden House were, including Horah's Jewellry shop, Baker's Tin Shop, the offices of the *Banner* and *Watchman*. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

Congress.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.

SENATE.—The Senate engaged in discussion of the joint resolution that no Senator or Representative from any seceded State shall be admitted, until Congress declares those States entitled to representation.

Senator Sherman maintained that the resolution could confer no power not already vested in Congress.

HOUSE.—A bill was introduced to continue in force the act to establish a Bureau for Freedmen's affairs. Mr. McClung moved that it be referred to the Reconstruction committee, to enquire and ascertain whether *contumacy* be clearly manifested in the seceding States, and, if so, to enquire into the expediency of levying a contribution on the disloyal inhabitants of such States, to defray the extraordinary expenses which would otherwise be thrown on the National government, for keeping up a standing army and protecting the loyal citizens in their National and personal rights under the Constitution.

The bill was referred without instructions.

The House also discussed the joint resolution, proposing to amend the Constitution so as to give Congress power to make laws to secure the citizens of each State all the privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States, and full protection in the rights of life, liberty and property.

President's Position---Baltimore---California.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.

The friends of the President will hold a meeting to-night in Baltimore. The opponents of his policy call a meeting for Thursday night.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 25.

The Democrats on Saturday night endorsed the President's position and have called a mass meeting on Tuesday. The Union State Central Committee have adopted resolutions stating that they do not yet perceive an irreparable breach between the President and Congress.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.

Cotton more active. Sales of 1,300 bales at 44@45. Gold 127.

THOMAS & CO.,

Bankers,

No. 176 BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD

WE BUY AND SELL ON THE MOST FAVORable terms, all the different

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
SOUTHERN BANK NOTES,
SOUTHERN STATE BONDS.
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
GOLD AND SILVER.

Stocks, Bonds, &c., of our own market, on Commission, in person; and those of New York and Philadelphia through reliable correspondents.

Make Collections, with prompt returns, on all accessible points, North, South and West.

Draw Gold or Currency Drafts, of any amount, [very best rates,] on New York, Philadelphia, Boston or Richmond.

Allow Interest on Deposites of Gold or Currency, subject to check at sight.

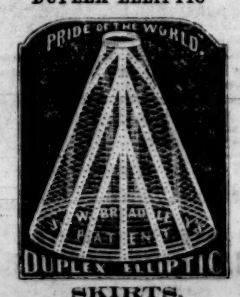
ON HAND FOR SALE.

$300,000 Southern Bank Notes.
$100 000 Seven Thirties, [different series]
$50,000 Five-Twenties, ['62, '64 and '65 issues]
$50 000 One-Year Certificates. Nov 16 85-tf

FOR 1866

BRADLEY'S CELEBRATED DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

Bradley's Patent



or, Double Spring

SKIRTS.

EACH HOOP BEING COMPOSED OF TWO PERfectly Tempered Single Springs, braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, forming one hoop and making the *strongest* and most *flexible*; the *light est* and most *durable spring* made.

They will not bend or break like the *single springs* but will always preserve their *perfect* and *beautiful* shape, in all

Crowded Assemblages,
Churches,
Theatres,
Railroad Cars,
For Promenade
or House Dress,

In fact, they are superior to all others, combining

Comfort,
Economy,
Lightness and
Durability.

Enquire for

Bradley's Duplex Elliptic or Double Spring Skirt.

For sale *everywhere*. Manufactured exclusively by the sole owners of the patent,

Wests, Bradley & Cary,

97 *Chambers and* 79 *and* 81 *Reade Sts, New York.*

A full assortment of these Superior Skirts constantly on hand, and for sale in a great variety of sizes, by

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,
KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.,
A. KLINE,
RANDALL & MANN,

And all other Merchants who sell First Class Skirts in this City and throughout the Southern States.

Jan 9, 127, 3ms.

HENSHAW & THORBURN

COMMISSION & SHIPPING MERCHANTS,

MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR SHIPPING AND Forwarding Cotton, Turpentine, Rosin and all kinds of Goods or Produce. Prompt attention and moderate charges. We have regular steam packets from Morehead City to New York.

☞ Business solicited. 74 6ms.

COTTON SEED FOR SALE.

FIFTEEN hundred bushels of Cotton Seed for sale. They are from the crop of the last season—sound, and of an improved variety.

T. W. BATTLE,
Rocky Mount, Edgecombe co., N. C.
Feb 22, 163, 1m

ARRANGEMENTS FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER.

A COMPLETE assortment of Silk Mixed, Single Milled, Drap d'Ete, English Merino, Alpaca, Linen and Cloth Coats.

Match Suits.

White Marseilles and Silk Vests,

Newest style

French Cassimere Pants,

all now making under the supervision of

Our Mr. Harding,

in the city of New York.

There has never been a finer or more desirable assortment of

Gents and Youth's Clothing

exhibited in this City, than we are now getting up. We shall offer no garment that we cannot warrant in every particular. As hitherto so shall it be hereafter, the goods offered at the Clothing Store of

HARDING, ANDREWS & CO,

cannot be equaled in cut, workmanship, &c.

Our terms are cash on delivery of goods and will in no instance be changed. It costs us cash to manufacture, and we must sell for cash. If we give credit to a few, we must to many, or act with partiality. The customer is always benefited by the cash system for the reason that paying customers are not charged extra to make up for those who never pay.

Our stock of Muslin Shirts, Collars, Ties, Half-Hose and Show-case Goods, is complete.

Black and colored Hats for city and plantation wear on hand—a good assortment. A good assortment of Trunks, Valises and Umbrellas on hand.

We will take measures and manufacture Suits for those who desire it, at the shortest notice.

HARDING, ANDREWS & CO.,
Fayetteville Street,
Feb 9, 154, 1m Raleigh, N. C.

*** Standard copy.

HART & LEWIS,

44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.,

AGENTS FOR

STEWART'S "Extension Top," "Queen of the South," and "Western Empire" Cooking Stoves.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS,
Jan 22, 138, tf 44 Fayetteville Street.

D. WALLACE. J. S. SOUTHERLAND.

WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Office over A. E. Hall's Store,

No. 22 NORTH WATER ST.,

Wilmington, N. C.

WILL give prompt personal attention to all Consignments of

NAVAL STORES, COTTON, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TAR, PROVISIONS, &C., &C., &C.

EITHER FOR SALE OR SHIPMENT.

—ALSO—

TO FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, &c.

Sep. 6, 1865 26-tf.

WILLIAM WEDDELL, ALEX. W. WEDDELL.

WM. WEDDELL & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

in

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

of

Every Description.

113 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBUBG, VA.

Orders from our friends in North Carolina will be carefully filled and promptly forwarded. Merchants requiring our services will be accommodated upon reasonable terms. Feb 17, 161 3m

A. S. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va. P. T. NORWOOD, late of Warrenton, N. C.

SHAFER & NORWOOD,

Commission Merchants,

No. 5 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grains and all other Southern Products solicited

☞ Order from Merchants, Manufacturers, Planters and others will receive prompt and individual attention.

REFER TO

Gov J M Morehead, Greensboro, N C; R Lassiter, President Raleigh and Gaston R R; McIlwaine, Son & Co, Donnans and Johnson, Martin & Tannahill Petersburg, Va; E A Vogler, Esq., Salem, N C; R P Richardson, Rockingham Co, N C; Seymour Steel Greensboro, N C E Wilkes, Superintendent N C R R 67-3m.

THOS. W. DAVIS. KIMBRO JONES, JR.

DAVIS & JONES,

GROCERS,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 26 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEP constantly on hand a very large supply of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

consisting of

Bacon, Lard,
Flour, Meal, Corn, Copperas,
Buckwheat, Cheese,
Pickled Oysters,
Champagne, Ale
Porter, Bladder Snuff,
Soda and Butter Crackers,
Tea Cakes, Percussion Caps,
Salt, Fish, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

Wood and Wilow Ware,
Hardware,
Powder and Shot,
Soaps of all kinds,
Farming Implements of all descriptions, &c

We respectfully solicit consignments of

Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Iron, &c.,

and

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All consignments shall receive personal and prompt attention. DAVIS & JONES.

Feb 1, 147, 3m.

DAVID BARROW,

WITH

ZINN, DORRANCE & CO

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Nos. 80 & 82 Leonard Street,

(West of Broadway,)

NEW YORK.

Feb 19, 102, 3ms

PLOWS! PLOWS!! PLOWS!!!

25 Samuel W Collins & Co's Cast Steel Plows,
75 Griffing & Co.'s No 50 Plows.
75 do do do 60 do
25 do do do 18 do
25 Self Sharpners
25 No 0 Plows
20 No 7½ Elliott do
20 No 10 do
20 No 11½ do
1000 Plow Bolts—all sizes

We keep constantly on hand all extra castings for the above Plows.

We would especially call the attention of our farmers to the first named Plow on this list, which can be seen at our store on Fayetteville Street

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 14, 158, tf

COTTON CARDS.

20 DOZEN No. 10 "Whittimore's" A Cards just received.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 15, 159, tf

BED SHEETS.

150 pair Bleached Cotton Sheets,
100 plaid Counterpanes—in store at

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 15, 159, tf

4-4 SHEETING.

5 BALES—3000 yards 4-4 Sheetings arriving at

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 15, 159, tf

SOAP AND CANDLES.

25 boxes Adamantine Candles,
10 do Brown Soap,
50 dozen Fancy Soap very nice, in store at

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 15, 159, tf

CAROLINA-BELLE SNUFF.

50 BOXES of this celebrated Snuff, daily expected at B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 15, 159, tf

CASTINGS.

ALL kinds of Plow and Mill Castings, furnished upon short notice at our Foundry.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 15, 159, tf

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO.

25 BOXES Manufactured Tobacco, from common to fair, in store at

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 15 159, tf

SCOTCH ALE.

25 DOZEN bottles Scotch Ale—a prime article, in store at

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 15, 152, tf

COUNTER SCALES.

2 DOZEN Counter Scales in store at

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 15, 159 tf

CORN! CORN!! CORN!!!

500 BUSHELS Corn arriving to day at

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Feb 15, 159, tf

THE DAILY NEWS.

S. D. POOL, Editor.

THE DAILY NEWS is published every morning, by

J. B. WHITAKER & CO.,

at $10 per year; $5 for six months; $1 per month.

GOLDSBORO', the place of publication, situated in the center of a rich line of country, is the Eastern Terminus of the North Carolina Rail Road, and the Western Terminus of the Atlantic and North Carolina Rail Road, and is the central Depot of the Wilmington and Weldon Rail Road.

The Daily News, the only paper published between Newbern and Raleigh, and the only Daily between Wilmington, N. C., and Petersburg, Va., is rapidly increasing its circulation and extending its business; and offers very superior advantages to advertisers.

N. B. All freight received by A. & N. C. R. R. from Newbern or Morehead City, is published in the *News*, for the information of consigners.

Feb 21, 164, tf

PETERSBURG IRON WORKS.

ALL kinds of Wrought and Cast work, done at short notice.

Ploughs and Plough Castings, of all styles, for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. Commission Merchants and farmers will bear in mind that all our Agricultural work is made of the best material and warranted.

The attention of Millwrights and others is called to our assortment of Patterns, the largest south of Baltimore, and it will be worth your while to call and examine them before going elsewhere; we will do your work at cheap prices and make no charge for making patterns to suit your wishes, if our own cannot be made to answer.

Stationary and Portable Saw Mill Engines made complete, and warranted as to workmanship and material.

Hardware merchants supplied with Ovens, Lids, Spiders, Andirons, Grates, &c.

Working Drawings and Designs made, of Engines, Mill work and other Machinery. Send directions, I will send you a list of Patterns.

T. ALPHONSE JACK ON,
Superintendent.
Petersburg, Va., Feb. 21.-164-2ms.

E. H. POGUE,

Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in

TIN WARE,

HILLSBORO, N. C.

Attention of Merchants invited, and orders solicited. WANTED—Two good Tinners. Apply to, or address

E. H. POGUE,
Feb 22, 165, 3ms. Hillsboro, N. C.

Buckwheat and Early Garden Peas.

VERY superior Buckwheat at 7 per cents per pound by the 25 pounds. Early Washington and Marrowfat Garden Peas at 30 cents a quart.

COWPER & MOORE.

Feb. 24, 167, tf.

Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate.

A VALUABLE fertilizer of twelve years' standing, made from pure Raw Bones.

COWPER & MOORE.

Feb 17 161 tf

HOTEL FOR RENT.

I WILL rent or lease for the balance of the year, or a number of years, my Hotel property in the town of Louisburg, N. C., together with the furniture, &c. The Hotel contains 40 rooms in good repair, and is situated in the central part of the town.

There being no Hotel in the town now open, it will pay an enterprising Proprietor very handsomely. For terms, apply to me at Louisburg, N. C.

JAMES DENT.

Feb 20, 163, 2w

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

79 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO the sale of Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Cotton Cloth Naval Stores, Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, &c

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Orders solicited for the purchase of Goods

☞ *All consignments to us are covered by Insurance as soon as shipped on all Rail Roads, and from all shipping ports, through to New York, whether advice of shipment is received or not.*

☞ Consignments solicited. ☜

THOS J SUMNER,	Charlotte,	N C
DANIEL WORTH,	Company Shops,	"
S. G. MURPHY,	New York City,	
ROBERT R. SWEPSON,	" "	
G. W. SWEPSON,	Haw River;	N C
C. P. MENDENHALL,	Greensboro,	"

October 28, 1865-69 4m.

O. G. PARSLEY, JOHN JUDGE, } O. G. PARSLEY, JR. HENRY SAVAGE.

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.

Importers

AND

Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Solicit Consignments for Sale or Shipments of

Cotton,
Cotton Yarns,
Domestics,
Naval Stores,

And other

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Have always in Store, and are receiving constantly, consignments, for sale at lowest market rates, of

Gunny Bagging, Gunny Bags,
Bale Rope, Mess Pork,
Bacon Sides and Shoulders,
Sugar, Coffee, Molasses,
Flour, Butter, Cheese,
Irish Potatoes, Onions,
Crackers, Mackerel,
Pickled Herring,
Smoked Herring,
Codfish, Nails,
Powder, Shot,
Window Glass, Paints,
Linseed, Kerosene, Tanners', and
Lubricating Oils, in 5-gal. cans & bbls.,
Whiskey,
Jamaica Rum and Gin
Soap, Candles,
Starch, Salt, Lime, &c., &c., &c.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

E. F. Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime.

AGENTS FOR

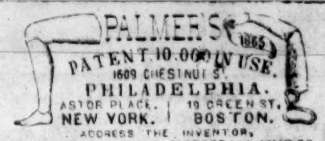
DUPONT'S POWDER.

300 Hhds New Crop Molasses, direct from Cardenas, daily expected.

To arrive during February or March:—

2,000 Bags Coffee direct from Rio Janeiro.
200 Hhds Sugar direct from Porto Rico.

Jan. 1-129-3m



These inventions stand approved as the "best" by the most eminent Scientific and Surgical Societies of the world the inventor having been honored with the award of FIFTY GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS (or "First Prize") including the Great Medals of the World's Exhibition in London and New York; also the most Honorary Report of the great Society of Surgeons of Paris, giving his Patents place above the ENGLISH AND FRENCH.

Dr. Palmer gives personal attention to the business of his profession, aided by men of the best qualifications and greatest experience. He is specially commissioned by the Government, and has the patronage of the prominent Officers of the Army and Navy. Six Major Generals and more than a thousand less distinguished officers and soldiers have worn the PALMER LIMBS on active duty, while still greater numbers of eminent civilians are, by their aid, filling important positions, and effectually conceal their misfortune.

Advice and Pamphlets Gratis.

To avoid the imposition of Piratical Copyists, apply only to DR. PALMER, as above directed, or to his Agent,

GEO. H. TAYLOR,
Newbern, N. C.

Dec. 5-10'-tf.

FITZHUGH, WILMER & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

for the sale of

Cotton, Tobacco, &c.,

and for the

Purchase of Merchandise.

—ALSO—

Agents for the sale and Purchase of

REAL ESTATE, &c.,

and for

Procuring White Labor for the South.

Nos. 40 and 42 Broadway, New-York.

L. H. FITZHUGH, late of Kentucky.
W. L. WILMER, late of Philadelphia.
THOS. C. GALE late of Norfolk.
GRAHAM L. HUGHES, late of St. Louis.

Feb 16, 160, 1m

THE SENTINEL.

Published Daily, Semi-Weekly and Weekly,

RALEIGH, N. C.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor and State Printer.

EDITED BY

Wm. E. Pell & Sexton Gales.

THE SENTINEL is an independent newspaper—a warm supporter of the Union *and* the Constitution, of Andrew Johnson, our magnanimous President and his policy, and devoted especially to the reconstruction and prosperity of the South and of North Carolina.

It labors to promote harmony, good feeling and equal rights among all the States, but will rebuke all unfounded expressions against the loyalty and integrity of the Southern people.

Special attention will be paid to the news and market departments.

Full proceedings of the Legislature and all important State papers appear in the *Sentinel*.

Its circulation is believed to be equal to any in the State, if not the largest. Its advertising patronage is large and growing.

The Daily and Weekly are now issued—the Semi-Weekly will appear in a short time.

TERMS:

Daily Sentinel, in advance, per year,			$10 00
" "	"	6 months,	5 00
Semi-Weekly,	"	per year,	5 00
"	"	6 months,	2 50
Weekly,	"	per year,	3 00
"	"	6 months,	1 50

JOHN F. FOARD,

COMMISSION, AUCTION AND FORWARDING

MERCHANT,

AND AGENT FOR

Selling or Leasing Real Estate,

NEAR OLD COUNTY WHARF

NEWBERN N. C.

REFERENCES.

A. T. Jerkins, President Bank of Commerce, Newbern; Jr. W. J. Hawkins, late Pres't of R. & G. R. R.; Hon. N. Boyden, Pres't of N. C. R. R. Salisbury; Col. Wm. Johnston, Pres't Charlotte & S. C. R. R. Charlotte; Hon. J. M. Morehead Greensboro; Rev. Dr. Deems, Raleigh and Rev. W. E. Pell, editor of *Sentinel* at Raleigh.

oct. 28-71-6ms

N. H. D. WILSON,

Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Agent,

AND

Broker,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to filing orders from stockholders and debtors of Banks, who wish to prepare to meet their respective liabilities.

Feb 12, 159, 1m, pd

GEO. W. DILL,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant.

AND AGENT FOR MURRAY'S N. C. STEAM-Ship Line, Morehead City,

Jan 1-130-6m.

CHANGE OF TIME.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,
Superintendent's Office,
Raleigh, N. C., Feb 15th, 1866.

ON and after Monday, Feb. 19th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

Passenger Train leaves Raleigh,	4 30 A M
Arrives at Weldon,	11.00 do
Leaves Weldon,	1.30 P M
Arrives at Raleigh,	8 30 do

Freight and Accommodation Train leaves Raleigh on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7.00 A M, and arrives at Weldon 5.00 P M.

This train leaves Raleigh from the Raleigh and Gaston Depot in the Northern part of the City.

Freight and Accommodation Train leaves Weldon on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5.00 A M, and arrives at Raleigh 4.00 P M.

By this change in the Passenger Train, connections are made with the Seaboard and Roanoke Rail Road as well as by the upper route via Richmond.

Way passengers can be accommodated by the Freight and Accommodation Train if they think proper to do so.

ALBERT JOHNSON,
Feb 17, 161, 3m Gen. Superintendent.

BROWN SHEETINGS.

TWO Bales best 4-4 Sheetings just received on consignment.

Also, Cotton Yarn by the bunch or bale in store.

JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

Feb 9 154 tf

NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD.

Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, JAN 7TH, 1866 trains will run as follows:

Going West.

	Mail Train.	*Freight Train.*
Leave Goldsboro,	5.10 P M	4 15 A M
" Raleigh,	9 00 "	9.00 "
" Hillsboro.	11.48 "	12.25 P M
" Greensboro,	3.10 A M	4 40 "
" Salisbury,	7.00 "	9 15 "
Arrive at Charlotte,	9.50 "	1.00 A M

Going East.

	Mail Train.	*Freight Train*
Leave Charlotte,	3 00 P M	4 30 A M
" Salisbury,	6 05 "	8 40 "
" Greensboro,	10 00 "	12 50 P M
" Hillsboro,	1.20 A M	5.00 "
" Raleigh,	4 30 "	8 45 "
Arrive at Goldsboro,	7.45 "	12.40 A M

Mail Train connects at Raleigh with the R. & G. R. Trains for the North; at Goldsboro with the A. & N. C. and W. & W. R. Rds; at Greensboro with the Piedmont R. R., and runs daily.

Freight Train has a Passenger Car attached for the accommodation of passengers and runs daily, Sunday excepted.

E. WILKES,
Engineer and Superintendent.

Jan 11, 129, 3m.

Wil. & Man. Rail Road Bonds.

ALL Holders of the Bonds of the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad Company, North Carolina, are respectfully requested to make the same known, as soon as possible, to the undersigned, or M. K. Jesup & Co., agents of the Company, New York, giving class and number of bonds held by them respectively, that the Company may confer with them on matters relating to their interest.

HENRY M. DRANE,
President Wilmington and Manchester Railroad Company, Wilmington, N. C.

Feb 21, 164, eod 15t

A. A. WILLARD,

Formerly of Washington, N. C., late of Greensboro', N. C.,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Groceries and General Merchandize,

FORWARDING AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 30 North Water Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

REFER TO

Rev. C. H. Wiley, Superintendent Public Schools for the State, Greensboro, N. C.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq., Cashier Bank of Cape Fear Greensboro.
Rev. W. E. Pell, Editor of *Sentinel*, Raleigh.
Joseph Potts, Esq., Washington, N. C.
Messrs. James Turner & Sons, Baltimore.
Messrs. Dowley, Corner & Co., New York.
Wilmington, Jan 9, 127, 6m.

Personal attention given to the sale or shipment of

Cotton, Naval Stores, &c.

All produce, consigned to me for shipment, to Messrs Dowley, Corners & Co, New York, will be insured from the point of shipment—parties advising me as soon as the goods are sent forward.

MERCHANDIZE

received and forwarded with promptness and at moderate charges.

A full supply of

GROCERIES,

kept constantly in store, which will be sold at low figures for cash.

Agent for the sale of Marvin & Co.'s celebrated

FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES,

with Marvin's Patent Powder-proof Locks—they weighing only one quarter of an ounce. These Safes are *warranted* free from dampness, and are sold at manufacturer's prices, and will be forwarded through Wilmington without charge for storage or forwarding.

75 Bales of Cotton Yarn, and 4-4 Brown-Sheeting,

for sale. Address, A. A. WILLARD,
Wilmington, N. C
January 26, 142, 6m,

Sugar.

REFINED and Cuba Sugar for sale by

A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

Coffee.

RIO and Java Coffee for sale by

A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148 tf

Cuba Molasses.

IN hogsheads and barrels, for sale by

A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf

Cotton Yarn and Sheetings.

75 BALES for sale by

A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

Matches,
Blacking,
Ink,
Wrapping Paper,
Letter Paper,
Spelling Books, &c.,

For sale by A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

Candles.

150 BOXES "Adamantine" for sale by

A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf

$25 REWARD.

STOLEN from the stables of the subscriber, near Raleigh, on the night of the 22nd instant, two mules and a milch cow.

The mules are about thirteen or fourteen years old, in good order, medium size—one black, the other a red sorrell, and both much marked with the harness and beginning to shed.

The cow is of small size, white and red, and bears all the marks of a good milker.

The above reward will be paid for any information leading to the recovery of either of the animals, or a proportionate reward for one or more.

J. DEVEREUX.

Raleigh, Feb. 24 167, 1w, pd

DAILY SENTINEL

WM. E. PELL, Preprietor.

POTTER COWPER. JAMES A. MOORE

COWPER & MOORE,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Fayetteville Street,

Opposite Purcell's Drug Store,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL sell all kinds of produce and goods of any description, on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims and individual debts against parties residing in the city of Raleigh or in the county of Wake, and will buy and sell on Commission,

Real Estate,
Gold and Silver Coin,
State Bonds,
Stocks, and
Bank Notes.

Consignments solicited.

COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

Cotton Seed, Cotton Seed for Sale.

A LOT of the celebrated Dickson Cotton Seed from Georgia; very early and very prolific—the very best kind for uplands—and the finest raise of the South. Apply to COWPER & MOORE.

Feb 23, 166, tf

Houses and Lots for Sale.

ONE House and Lot on Hillsboro Street, seven rooms attached, and one on Halifax Street, 8 rooms and about one acre of land attached. Both houses in good order and well located.

Also, a lot of fine Yadkin County Whiskey just received. COWPER & MOORE

Feb 23, 166, tf

FOR SALE.

JUST received a few kegs of fine Virginia Mountain Butter. Also, for sale several firkins of New York Goshen Butter. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR SALE.

COTTON Yarns, by the bale, Cotton Sheeting, a very fine horse, a second hand Buggy, Wagon Harness, wheel and leaf Sets, Reins and Horse Covers, fine Saddles and Bridles. Also, Durham's Smoking Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff. COWPER & MOORE

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR RENT OR SALE.

A VERY fine residence in the city of Raleigh, to rent—fifteen acres of land attached. Also, two nice dwellings, situated on the principal street, for sale. COWPER & MOORE

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

Old Nick Williams Whiskey.

AS Agents for Nick Williams & Son, we are prepared to furnish the above popular brand of Whiskey, by the barrel or keg. Address orders thus COWPER & MOORE

HENRY R. BRYAN,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NEWBERNE, N. C.

Dec. 29-118-3m.

PAINTING.

H. T. CLAWSON,

HOUSE, SIGN AND
ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
AND
Imitator of every variety of
Marble and Wood.
Gilding on Glass and Wood, and Japan Tin Office Signs,

Executed to order, with neatness and dispatch.

THANKFUL to my friends for the very liberal patronage I have received, hope by unremitting exertions to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Shop on third floor of North Carolina Book Store Building. Feb 1, 147 3m.

JOHN S. DANCY, of Tarboro, N. C. JOHN H. HYMAN, late of Scotland Neck, N. C.
F. M. HYMAN, late of Warrenton, N. C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
FOR THE
Sale of all kinds of Southern Produce,
—AND—
Agents for procuring and forwarding
White Laborers to the South.

Office No. 80 Cedar Street, New York.

Dr. John Arrington, late of Warrenton, N. C., can be found with us, where he will be pleased to serve his old friends.

All produce consigned to us will meet with prompt shipping attention by the following Agents:

W. H. McRARY & CO.,	Wilmington, N. C.
WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,	Newberne, "
GEO. H. BROWN & CO.,	Washington, "
RICKS, HILL & CO.,	Norfolk, Va.

Jan. 23, 145, tf

DR. J. R. G. FAUCETTE, Of Greensboro, N. C. J. C. FAUCETTE, Of Alamance, N. C.

Faucette & Bro.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
Purchasing Agents,
AND
GENERAL PRODUCE DEALERS,
Opposite the Gaston House,
NEWBERN, N. C.

December 16 110-3ms.

TWO ROOMS,
AT
MRS. M. J. FENTRESS

A FEW more gentlemen can be accomodated with good boarding and lodging.

Any wishing board will please make application immediately. No 13 Fayetteville Street.

Jan. 27-142-1m15.

GUANO! GUANO!!

50 TONS No. 1 pure Peruvian Guano.

For homes able Pacific Guano.

For sale in lots to suit by

W. H. McRAY & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Wilmington N C.

Feb 2, 142. 1m

JAS. F. PURVIS, ISAAC F. PURVIS,
JAS. F. PURVIS, JR. NATHAN H. CRAWFORD

PURVIS & COMPANY,

Bankers,
No. 192 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md.

WE TRANSACT THE
GENERAL BANKING EXCHANGE
MERCANTILE COLLECTION,
AND
STOCK COMMISSION BUSINESS,

In all their several departments.

We buy and sell, and are prepared to furnish at all times, Government Bonds and Securities, in sums to suit.

We give special attention to Collections, which we are prepared to make, on all accessible points, on the most reasonable terms.

Deposits received, and interest allowed on Current Balances, according to special agreement.

Nov 16-85-6m. PURVIS & CO.

RALEIGH, 1866.

LIFE INSURANCE NOTICE.

THE old and well established

Ætna Company, of Hartford,

Offers superior inducements to all who wish to provide for family or friends.

All losses are promptly paid. No case of litigation has ever occurred with this Company. With a capital of $3,500,000, it offers to receive one half of the premium in a note and half in cash, and, after the second year to credit each customer with the dividends of the Company, which are now 50 per cent. With a small outlay, $500, or $1000, or $2000, may be secured to the family after their earthly providers are taken away. What father or husband would not feel that relief on his dying couch, that he had availed himself of every proper means to place those nearest and dearest to him, above the privileges of want and a life of dependence upon friends or charity? 8819 policies have been issued from the office ending Jan. 15 1866. The total income for the year 1865 was $1,681,329 57; total disbursements $527 805 24, leaving a balance to surplus fund of $1,153 524 33.

In Raleigh a large number have liberally responded and promptly acted in this matter; yet many delay, and may wait until it is too late. A man in this city lately left his place of business for his evening meal, well and healthy, but never reached that home except as he was carried there to die. Had that man taken the advice of the Agent, he might have left $5000 to minister to the necessities of a sorrowing family. Delays are dangerous, procrastination destructive. But one says "If I only had confidence in the Company that it would pay, I would insure." Well, it never has failed to pay, and to day is more responsible than ever before. It is patronized by some of the most sagacious minds in the land—men competent to detect and expose any deception if it existed.

W. H. CROW, Gen. State Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
W. B. GULICK, Local Ag't, "
N. H. B. WILSON, Greensboro.
C. W. DOWNING, Charlotte.
JOHN C. SLOCUMB, Goldsboro.
MITCHELL & ALLEN, Newbern.
J. A. WILLARD, Wilmington

Jan. 27, 142, 3m.

Substitute for Peruvian Guano,

AT LESS

Than Half the Cost!

RAUGH'S RAW BONE

Super-Phosphate of Lime.

BAUGH & SON'S,

MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,

Store No. 20 South Delaware Avenue,

PHILADELPHIA.

THIS valuable Manure has been before the agricultural public, under one name or twelve years past, and its character for vicinity action and permanence in effect is well established. If for the war, it was introduced, to some extent, in the Southern States, and was found to be highly adapted to

Cotton, Tobacco, and all Crops.

In its action, it is as quick as Peruvian Guano, while it does not leave the land in an exhausted state, but on the other hand permanently improves it. This has been fully proven by years of trial.

See pamphlet to be had of the Agent below.

BAUGH & SONS,
Sole Manufacturers,
Philadelphia.

For sale by J. M. TOWLES,
Raleigh, N. C.

Jan 29, 141, law3m

WATCHES, JEWELRY, DIAMONDS, &c.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

Silverware, Bronzes, &c.,

WORTH OVER

ONE MILLION DOLLARS!

All to be sold at **Five Dollars** each, without regard to value,

AND NOT TO BE PAID FOR

Until you know what you are to receive!!!

1,753 GOLD and Silver Watches were distributed among the patrons of **Perkins & Co.**, during the month of January, 1865. Read comments by the Press, speaking of the firm in the most complimentary manner: "A most industrious and prosperous house."—Shippensburgh, Pa., *Sentinel.* "Give all who deal with them perfect satisfaction."—Hopkins, N. Y. *Journal.* "Enjoy a high reputation for honorable dealing and the quality of their goods."—New Paltz, N. Y. *Times.* "Perfectly reliable and will do all they promise."—Nyack, N. Y. *Citizens and Country.* "Stand high for honesty and fair dealing." "Eighth N. Y. *Journal.* "Reliable and fair dealing men."—Stapleton, N. Y. *Journal.* "One of the oldest and most reliable firms in business."—Canojoharie, N. Y. *Radii.* "Keep their word and act honorably by their patrons."—Lyons, N. Y. *Press.*

500 Solid Gold Hunting Watches	$400 to 750
500 Magic Cased Gold Watches	250 to 500
500 Ladies' Enameled Watches	100 to 500
500 Diamond Cluster Ladies' Sets	300 to 700
1,000 Diamond Solitaire Rings	75 to 250
1,000 Heavy Silver Hunting Watches	75 to 150
1,000 Open face Silver Watches	50 to 75
1,000 Silver and Mahogany Musical Boxes	100 to 500
1,000 Silver Dining Sets	75 to 350
1,500 Silver Tea Sets, complete	5 to 500
2,000 Silver Urns and Salvers	75 to 25
2,000 Seven Chamber Revolvers	75 to 300
2,500 Patent Single Barrel Pistols	25 to 75
2,000 Richly Framed Oil Paintings	75 to 350
2,500 Elegant Pearl Opera Glasses	25 to 75
3,000 Mammoth Photograph Albums	15 to 50
3,000 Cluster Diamond Rings	25 to 100
3,000 Ladies' Oval Bracelets	15 to 50
3,500 Gold Chains of different designs	25 to 300
3,500 Gold Thimbles, chased	5 to 50
10,000 Signet and Plain Gold Rings	5 to 75
10,000 Gentlemen's Scarf Pins	5 to 50
12,500 Bracelets and Ear Drops	5 to 50
12,500 Gold Lockets, double glass	5 to 75
10,000 Gold Pens and Gold Holders	10 to 75
10,000 Sets Studs and Sleeve Buttons	5 to 35
5,000 Silver Goblets and Drinking Cups	5 to 50
5,000 Sets Tea, Table and Dessert Spoons	10 to 25
5,000 Sets Tea, Table and Dessert Forks	10 to 25
5,000 Sets Tea, Table and Dessert Knives	10 to 25
2,500 Revolving Silver Castors	25 to 75
2,500 Silver Cake and Fruit Baskets	25 to 75
12,500 Wine Holders and other articles	5 to 75

To immediately dispose of the above magnificent stock, certificates naming the articles are placed in sealed envelopes and well mixed. Holders are entitled to the articles named on their certificate upon payment of $5, whether it be a beautiful Watch, or a Musical Box worth $500, or a Plain Gold Ring, worth $5. The return of any of our certificates entitles you to the article named thereon, upon payment, irrespective of its worth, and as no article valued less than $5 is named on any certificate, it will at once be seen that this is

No Lottery, but a straight forward, legitimate Transaction, which may be participated in even by the most fastidious!

☞ Any one wishing to invest in the above enterprise can receive a sample package of a half dozen certificates, naming some of the above articles, by sending a stamped envelope bearing their address. Certificates not to be paid for unless fully satisfactory. We do this that all may be convinced of our sincerity and the genuineness of our sale. Call on or address,

PARKINSON & CO.,
Feb 19, 162, 3m 208 Broadway, N. Y.

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,
Sycamore Street, Petersburg.
THOS. BRANCH & CO.,
70 Main Street, Richmond.
BRANCH, SONS & CO.,
Augusta, Ga.

Bankers and Commission Merchants.

DEALERS IN COIN, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC Exchanges, Southern Bank Notes, Stocks and Bonds.

☞ Interest allowed on Deposites. Collections made throughout the United States, and special attention given to the redemption of Southern Bank Notes for Banks' account.

☞ Liberal advancements made on consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and other products to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, Bremen and Antwerp.

They hold $100 000 Notes of the various North Carolina Banks which they will furnish at fair rates to parties wishing to purchase to pay old negotiable notes to the Banks. Dec 2-99-3m.

Thomas Smith,

JOBBER

AND

DEALER

IN

FOREIGN

AND

DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

HOSIERY,

TRIMMINGS,

RIBBONS,

CARPETS,

&c., &c.

25 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG,

VIRGINIA.

Large lots of Goods being constantly received from Auction, buyers will find it to their interest to examine this Stock before making their purchases. The Stock, which is one of the largest in the State, is bought entirely by the Package, from first hands, thereby enabling us to sell as low as any similar goods can be bought in in the Northern market.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

Petersburg, Va., Feb 10, 155, 1y

SELLING AT COST!!

KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.,

AT THE OLD STAND OF S. H. YOUNG,

21 *Fayetteville Street,*

Raleigh, N. C.

ARE SELLING OFF THEIR ENTIRE STOCK at

New York Cost.

Dress Goods and Calicoes

AT COST!

Hats, Boots and Shoes,
Groceries and Cigars,

AT COST!

Fine Old Brandy, Gin and Whiskey,

In Bottles,

—ALSO—

Superior Old Bourbon Whiskey,

Per Gallon or Barrel.

Dealers and the public generally will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock.

KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 16 143 3m.

T. J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN, D. T. CARRAWAY

NORTH CAROLINA
AGRICULTURAL HOUSE
AND
HARDWARE STORE.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

22 *Pollock Street,* *Newbern, N. C.*
Water Street, *Wilmington,* "

KEEP a large and carefully selected stock of

Farmers',
Millers',
Builders',
Mechanics', and
Housekeepers' Tools,

AND OTHER

Hardware
Agricultural Implements,
Leather and Rubber Belting,
Rope,
Saddlery,
Iron,
Steel, &c., &c.

and can furnish, at short notice, any kind of

Machinery or Castings.

Agents for

R. Hoe & Co.'s Circular Saws,
Fairbank's Scales,
Evans & Watson's Fire
and Burglar Proof Safes,

which we sell at manufacturers' prices.

We invite particular attention to our stock and feel confident that our facilities and experience will enable us to offer superior inducements to purchasers.

Jan. 30, 145, tf.

C. W. WESTBROOKS, C. W. ALBRIGHT.

WESTBROOK & ALBRIGHT,

NURSERYMEN AND DEALERS IN

Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Grape-Vines, Strawberries, and other small fruits, Evergreens, Roses, Shrubbery, &c.

They would call special attention to a choice lot of Dwarf Pear, Apple and Cherry trees and the advantage of planting them for early and abundant crops of excellent fruit.

Nursery stock and office at present on corner of Davie and Sycamore Streets,

Greensboro', N. C.

List of prices sent to applicants.

Jan. 25, 141, 2m.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,

WITH WILDER'S PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.,

PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF

THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!

JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel.

HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof Safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C HERRING, his license to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER" renders it useless for the subscribers to multiply words in its favor, as full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these Safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and *not one of the "Genuine Salamanders" has ever been destroyed.*

Safes sold at New York price, with the freight to Wilmington added. No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. Samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.

Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up Stairs) Wilmington, N. C.

Dec, 4-10 tf.

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!!

Please your Children, Sweethearts, Wives, and Husbands.

CALL AT PH. THIEM'S STORE AND EXAMINE the largest and handsomest Stock of Fancy Goods, Toys and Confectioneries of all descriptions.

$10,000 worth of Fancy Goods.
$10,000 worth of Toys and Confectioneries.
$10,000 worth of Jewelry, Perfumery, &c.

FOR CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS,

which will be sold at the lowest prices.

CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMINE

PH. THIEM'S Beautiful Stock of

CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.

☞ Great inducements to persons wishing to buy by wholesale. PH. THIM.

December 14-108-tf

TRINITY COLLEGE.

THE next session will commence on the 11th of January, and close on the second Thursday in June. The College has been reorganized, refurnished, and is every way placed in a proper condition. At present board will be $15 per month in currency; tuition and other expenses at the usual rates. All expenses to be paid in advance. A daily hack will run from the College to High Point on the N. C. Railroad. For further information, address the undersigned.

B. CRAVEN, President.

Dec 9, 152, 2m

LORILLARD
FIRE INSRANCE COMPANY,
OF THE CITY OF
NEW YORK.

Cash Capital and Assets, $1,512,000.

C. NORWOOD, Prest, *JNO. C. MILLS, Sec'y.*

EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for Raleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's, Hotel

November 22-90 tf.

☞ *Standard* copy till forbid.

JACOB KULL & SONS,
PETERSBURG, VA.,

Manufacturers of Gent's Clothing,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS

which we offer low to Jobbers.

Corner of Sycamore and Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

November 23 91-6m-pd.

To Rail Road Companies.

WE ARE THE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE of Taw's Celebrated Car Grease, for lubricating the Axles of Rail Road Cars. We have on sale eight Barrels **anary Yellow Rail Road Car Grease.**

Also 20 kegs Axle Grease for greasing the axles of waggons, carts, &c. Also a lot of Taw's patent Harness Dubbing for greasing harness, and a lot of Buggy axle grease.

J. LONG & CO

Greensboro October 6-52-tf.

Fire Insurance.

THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Store and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandize, &c.

For information or insurance apply to our Agent in your place, or address me at Greensboro, N. C.

N. H. D. WILSON, Pres't.

☞ We wish to appoint local Agents in all the Towns and business neighborhoods of this State. Applicants for agencies will address me as above.

Greensboro, Nov. 12 82-tf.

THE
Underwriters' Agency
OF NEW YORK,
CASH ASSETS,
Three Million Dollars
Issue Policies of
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE
Made payable in Gold or Currency.

Negotiable and Bankable
CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE
Are issued by this Association.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO. Agents.
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov 16. 86-tf.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF
NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, N. C.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT

Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't.* C. P. Mendenhall,
Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden,
W. B. Gulick, *Cashier,*

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold.

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms.

Collections made at all points in the State of North Carolina. 56-1y.

RELIABLE SOUTHERN INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL MARINE & FIRE
Insurance Company,
OF
New Orleans, Louisiana
CAPITAL, - - - $565 000

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has been legally appointed Agent for the above-named Company and is now ready to take risks at customary rates. The Company was organized in January 1865, and its assets are the most secure in the country.

Sub-Agents will be appointed in the following counties, viz: Franklin, Warren, Nash, Granville, Johnson and Orange. L. W. PECK, Agent.

Raleigh, Nov. 3 74 tf.

H. C. WHEELER,
OF SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA,
WITH
JAMES PALMER & CO.
Wholesale Druggists,
AND DEALERS IN
Oils, Paints, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, &c.
No. 439 Market Street,
Philadelphia.

Nov. 11 81 6m.

LOUISBURG
FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the second Wednesday in January, 1866.

Charges will be the same as those adopted in the Greensboro Female College before the war, viz:

Board, per session of 5 months, exclusive of washing and lights,	$50 00
Tuition in regular course including Latin,	20 00
EXTRA STUDIES.	
Music on Piano and Guitar, each,	20 00
French and Drawing, each,	10 00
Painting in Oil,	20 00
Needle Work,	5 00

The above charges, to be paid in specie, or its equivalent in currency. One half in advance; the remainder at the close of the session. Each pupil will furnish one pair of sheets, and pillow cases, and towels.

T. M. JONES.

Jan. 12-130-tf.

CENTER OF ATTRACTION.

IT is a fact universally acknowledged that the New Style pictures made at

Watson's Photograph Gallery,

cannot be surpassed for artistic skill and beauty.

Ivorytypes, Cartes de Visete, Ambrotypes, plain and colored Photographs, life size, Portraits colored in Oil, are all made in the very best style.

Call and examine specimens of the art.

Raleigh, Jan. 29, 144, 3m.

M. J. Moore,
Of Stokes County, N. C.
WITH
Hood, Bonbright & Co.
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
Philadelphia.
No. 529 Market Street.

Nov. 9 79-6m.

J. W. ATKINSON & CO.,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
AND
Agents for

SECURITY FIRE & MAINE INSURANCE Company, New York.
Equitable Fire Insurance Company, New York.
Peabody Fire Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Maryland Life Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Wilmington, N. C., Sep. 16 35 6m pd.

COPARTNERSHIP.

NEWBERN, N. C., November 1st, 1865.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTnership under the name and style of

Whitford, Dill & Co.,

for the transaction of a Shipping and General
Commission Business,

in this Town, West side Craven Street, on old County Wharf.

To the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Tobacco, Lumber, Staves, Shingles, Corn, and all kinds of Produce and Merchandise, and also to the sale and purchase of Real Estate and State and other Stocks, we will give our personal attention.

We are Agents for Murry's North Carolina Semi Weekly Line of Steamships, between Newbern and New York, and for Sailing Vessels for Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other ports in the United States, and for different ports in the West Indies. Thus it will be seen that we are furnished by our own vessels with the amplest facilities for the speedy transportation of Freight and Passengers. But in addition to these, there is a weekly line of Ocean Steamships on the same route, and a tri-weekly line of Steamers by inland route through Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; hence Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to us, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

☞ We will make liberal advances on consignments.

All letters addressed to us on the subject of freight, or on any other business, will be promptly answered.

JOHN D. WHITFORD,
GEORGE W. DILL,
WM. C. WHITFORD.

November 29, 1865 96 6ms

J. D. WHITFORD, GEORGE W. DILL, W. C. WHITFORD.

WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,

Shipping, Receiving, Forwarding and
GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
NEWBERN, N. C.

Personal attention paid to the sale of Produce.

AGENTS FOR
MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMSHIP LINES
BETWEEN NEWBERN & NEW YORK.
General Vessel Agents.

November 29 96 1y

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
OLD NORTH STATE.

"The Old North State Forever."

THE undersigned will commence the publication of a Daily and Weekly Newspaper, bearing the above title, in the city of Salisbury about the 10th of March next.

The Old North State will be, under our control, a firm and decided Union paper. But while it will be firm and decided in its support of the Union, and of all just and necessary measures tending to its complete restoration, it will yet be liberal and conservative. It will oppose radicalism from whatever quarter it may come. Standing in the loyal intentions of the great body of the people of North Carolina, it will endeavor to soothe the asperities of the past by promoting among them a spirit of reconciliation and harmony.

Rejecting the exploded dogma of *paramount* State sovereignty, it will cheerfully support the National government in the exercise of every power necessary to the maintenance of its rightful authority, while it will ever contend against any encroachments upon the reserved rights of the States.

It will discuss all the various political issues of the day, but in doing this it will seek to avoid everything like partizan bitterness or personal vituperation. It will also strive to avoid that detestable practice, so common among politicians, of pandering to the passions and appealing to the prejudices of the multitude in order to accomplish partizan ends. It will endeavor to enlighten and direct aright public sentiment, by disseminating correct information, and by arguments addressed to the understanding—in short, it will endeavor to erect a high standard of political morality.

Its columns will be open for Political, Moral, Literary and Agricultural articles especially, and to the advertising public.

The *Old North State* will be printed on new type of the following

TERMS:

For the Daily 19 months,	$8 00
For the Daily 6 months,	4 50
For the Weekly 12 months,	3 00
For the Weekly 6 months,	1 50

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Any person sending us a club of ten subscribers at any one post office accompanied by the cash will be entitled to an extra copy for getting up the club.

We most respectfully solicit our friends to subscribe for the Old North State at once, also to aid us in extending its circulation as wide as possible.

LEWIS HANES,
JOHN S. HAMPTON,
Publishers and Proprietors.
LEWIS HANES, Editor.

Salisbury, N. C., Feb 2 165, tf

PROSPECTUS
OF
THE LOYALIST.

THE undersigned proposes to publish in Louisburg, North Carolina, a newspaper under the above denomination, The LOYALIST, as its name imports, will yield a firm, uniform, and fearless support to the Constitution of the United States, and all laws enacted in pursuance of that great instrument. To the decisions of the Supreme Court of the nation, in such questions as originate in the interpretation or application of the principles involved in our federal jurisprudence or policy, the Loyalist will accord its unqualified acquiescence, as to the will of the American people, duly expressed through the only legitimate, determinate and sufficient medium. Its general politics will be those so long and so thoroughly taught by the patriotism, the eloquence, and the wisdom of Clay, and his departed compeers, and so fearfully vindicated by the present melancholy and helpless condition of the communities so recently arrayed in arms against the integrity and harmony of our national union.

The Loyalist would make the institutions and independence the material and moral dignity of the nation, as enduring and as brilliant as the stars whose images adorn the field and the folds of its flag. The Loyalist will also dedicate its energies and exert its abilities to ascertain and cherish the interests, as well as to develope the immense resources of North Carolina. To the cause of education, the general diffusion of knowledge, the elevation of the masses, and the religious culture of all within its influence, it will be a consistent and inflexible friend. Its editorial department will be conducted by gentlemen whose names will be announced in due time.

The LOYALIST will be issued weekly, carefully printed, of the size of the Raleigh "Daily *Sentinel*," and furnished to patrons at $5.00 *per annum*, payable on delivery of the first number. Subscriptions and communications respectfully solicited.

Address "*Editors of Loyalist,*" Louisburg, N. C.

W. H. NEWBY, } Proprietors.
H. M. PLEASANTS, }

Louisburg, N. C., Feb. 15, 1866.